

JEM-EUSO and pathfinders

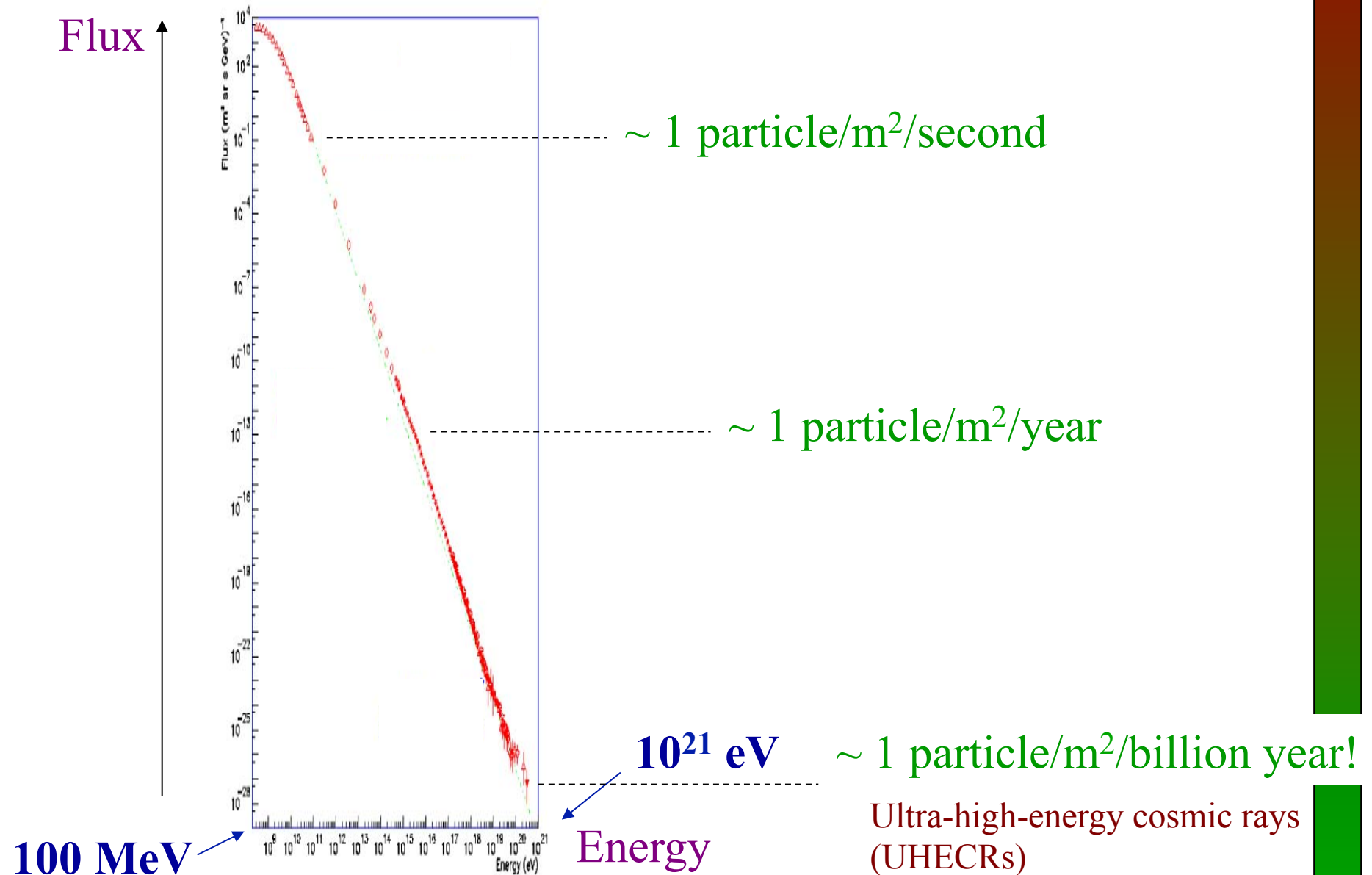
Observation of ultra-high-energy
cosmic rays from space

Etienne Parizot

(APC - Université Paris Diderot - France)

ONR-APC-IPGP meeting — 29th October 2014

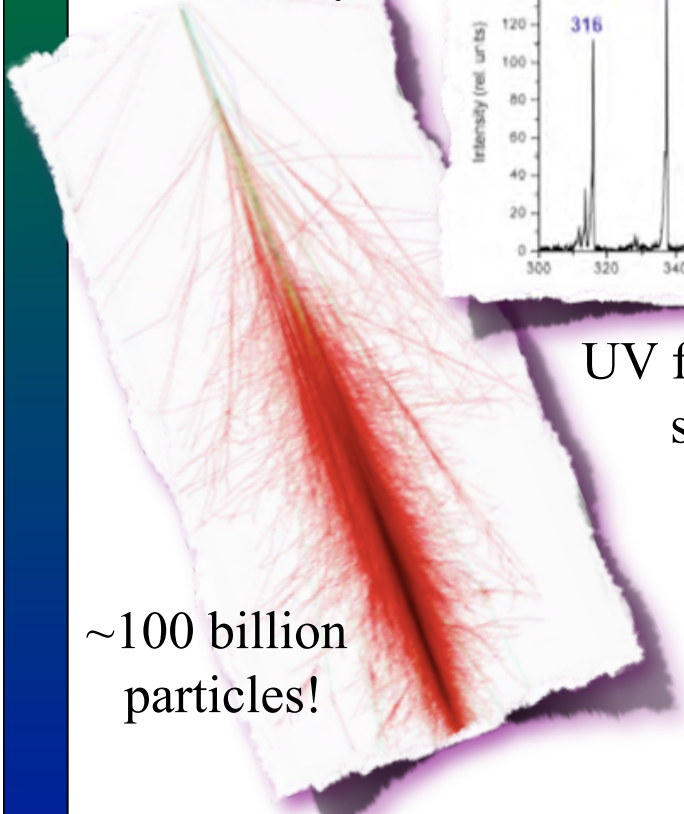
The cosmic ray energy spectrum



How JEM-EUSO works

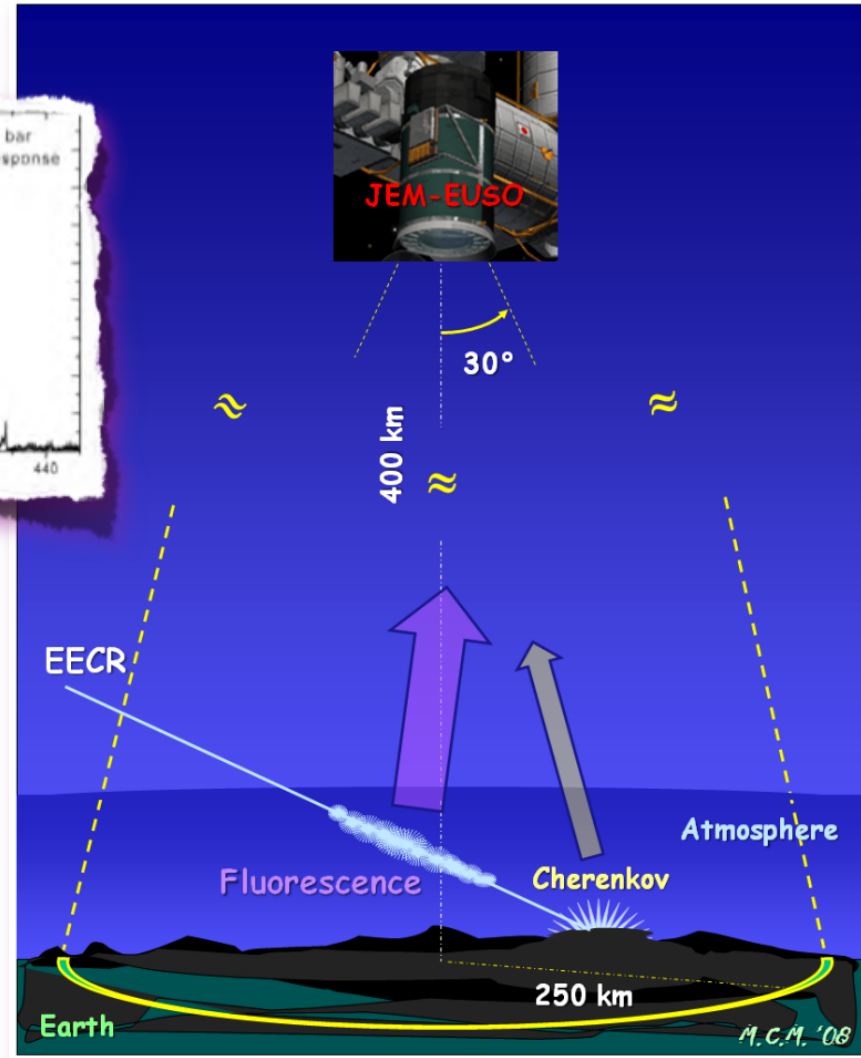
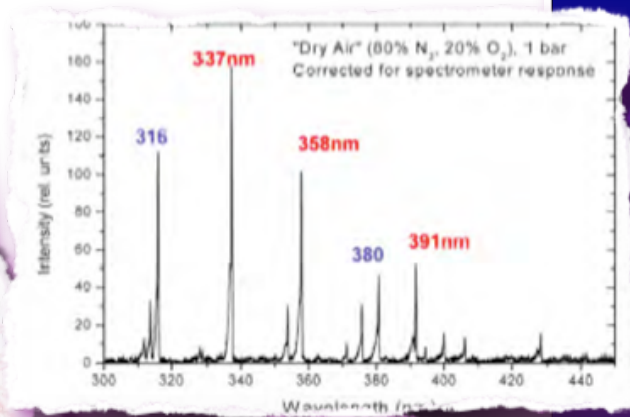
Detect UHECR-induced showers through the fluorescence light generated in the atmosphere

1 cosmic ray



~100 billion particles!

“extensive air shower”



JEM-EUSO and its pathfinders...




(+ KLYPVE-EUSO)



An upward-pointing arrow indicating the location of the KLYPVE-EUSO payload on the International Space Station.



Mini-EUSO

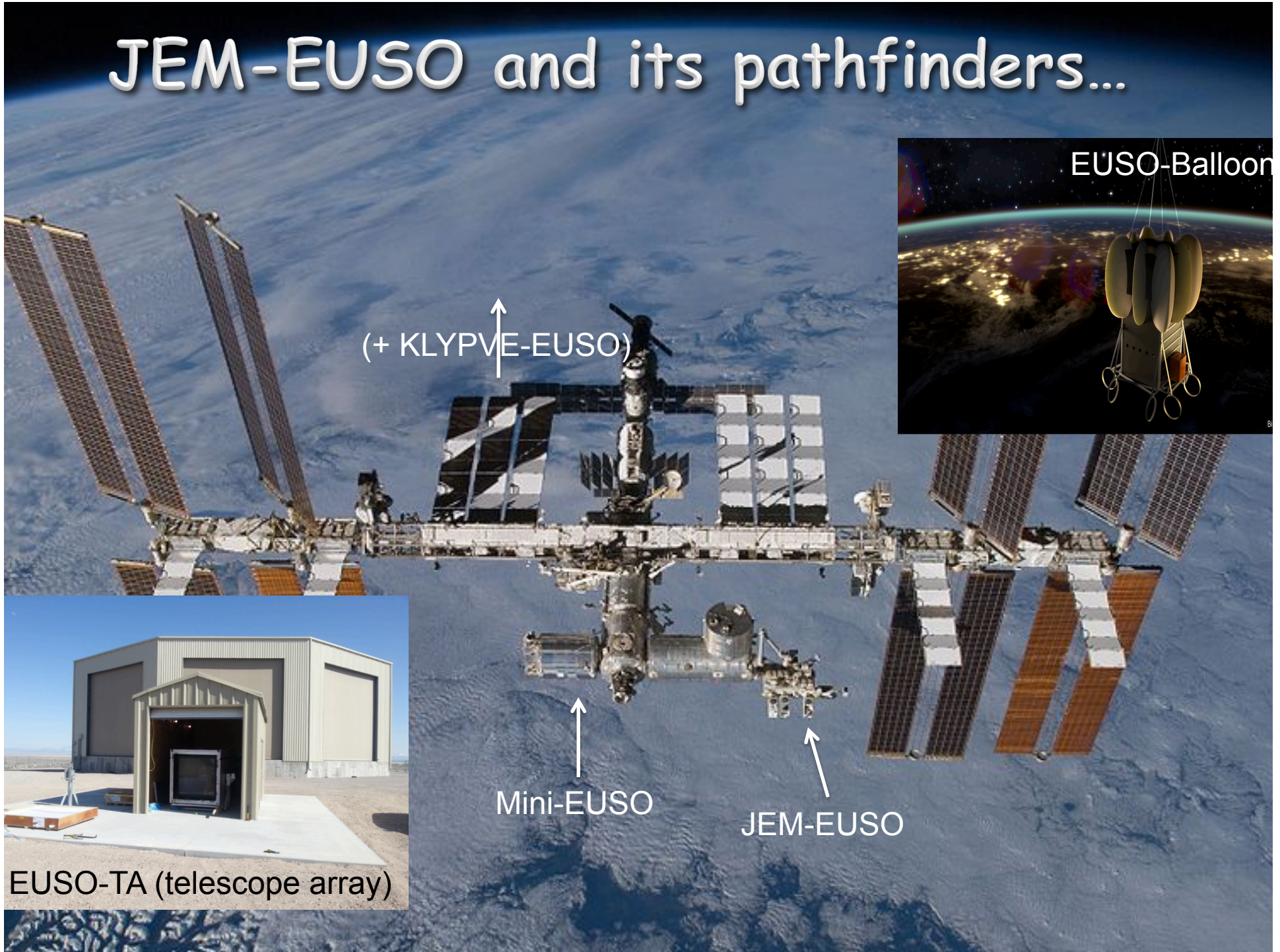


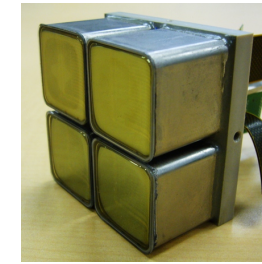
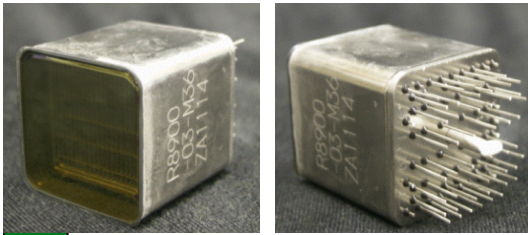
An upward-pointing arrow indicating the location of the Mini-EUSO payload on the International Space Station.

JEM-EUSO

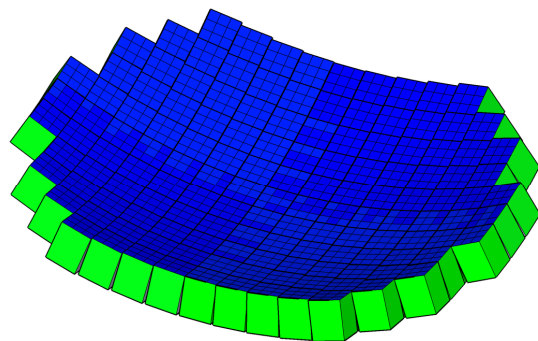
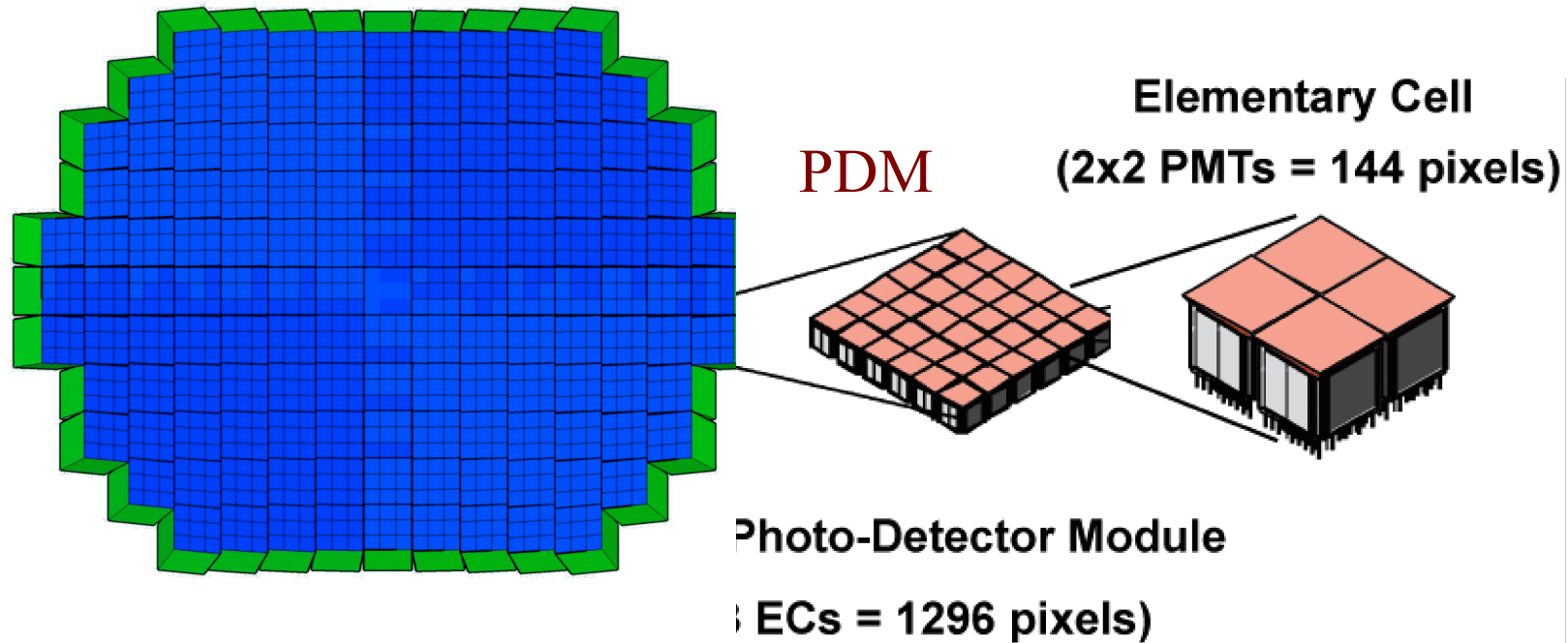


An upward-pointing arrow indicating the location of the JEM-EUSO payload on the International Space Station.





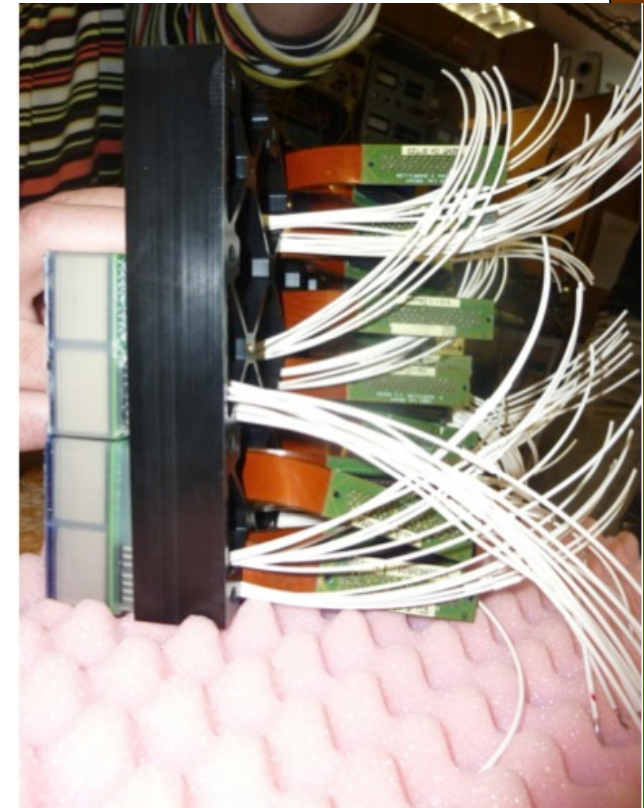
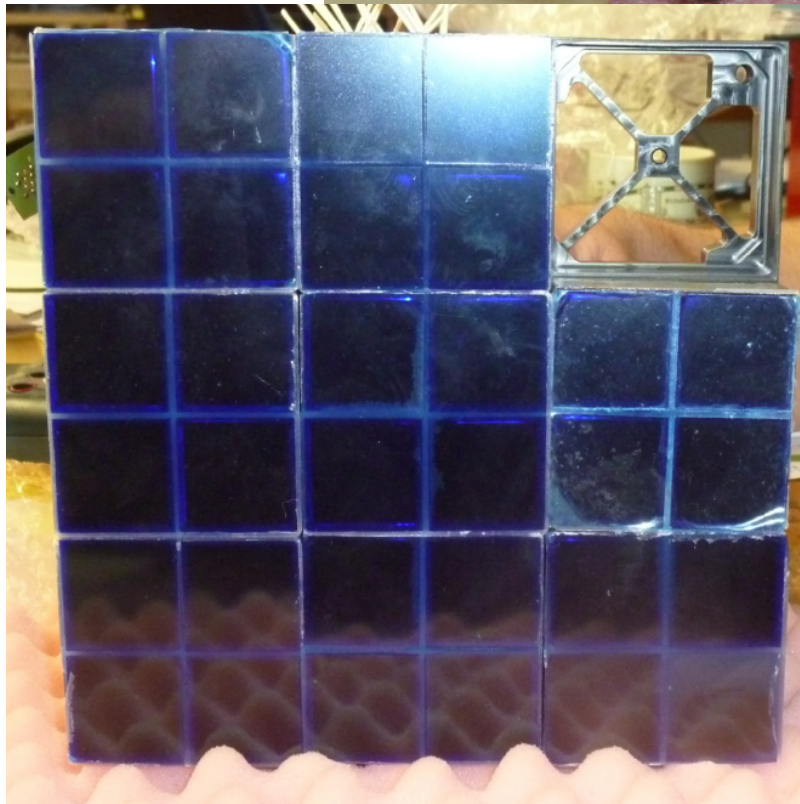
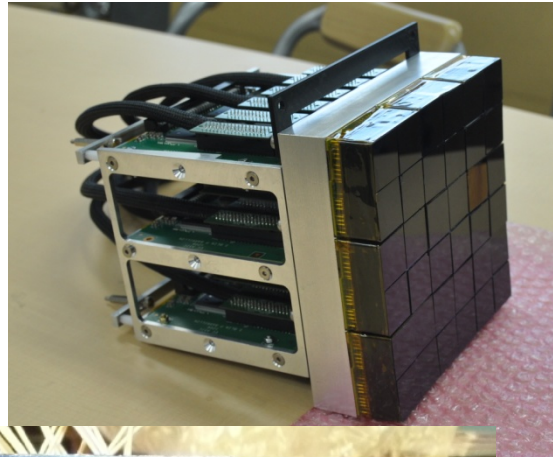
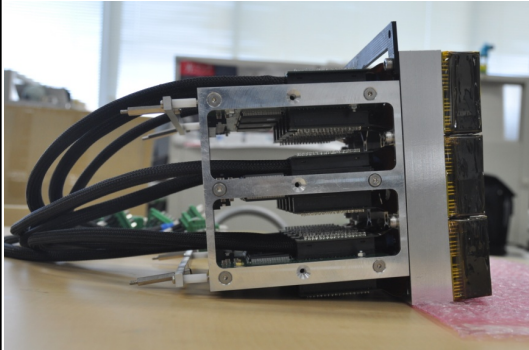
Focal surface



137 PDM of 9 EC, each EC has 4 PMT with 64 pixels each

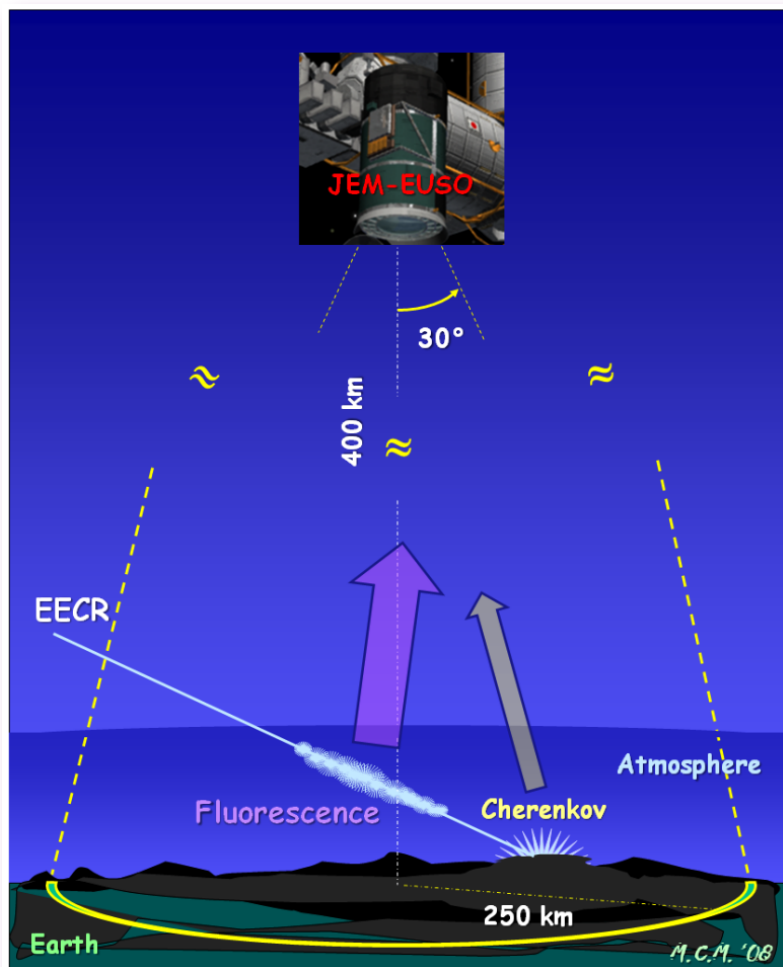
4932 PMT and 0.3156 Megapixels

Photo-Detection Module (PDM)



Characteristics and advantages

7



- ✧ Huge field of view (60° aperture)
- ✧ Ultra-sensitive UV camera (single photon counting)
- ✧ Ultra-fast camera ($2.5 \mu\text{s} \rightarrow 400\,000$ images/second)
- ✧ Large dynamic range (automatic gain switches)
- ✧ Over 300 000 pixels
- ✧ Full-sky coverage, over several years
- ✧ + infrared camera + LIDAR

Many possible synergies

Atmospheric sciences

TLEs (sprites, jets, elves, halos...)
Cloud coverage
Links between cosmic rays and lightning
Airglow (nightglow) monitoring

Sciences of the ocean

Surface bioluminescence
Can a surface water temperature survey (3K accuracy) be useful?
LIDAR reflection → water level?

Meteorites sciences

Statistics, Trajectories, Recovery...

Space debris removal identification, trajectory → laser shot

Others? Plant fluorescence...

EUSO-Balloon

✧ Pathfinder to JEM-EUSO (CNES mission)

Successful flight on August 24th, 2014 (Timmins, Ontario)



EUSO-Balloon

✧ Pathfinder to JEM-EUSO (CNES mission)

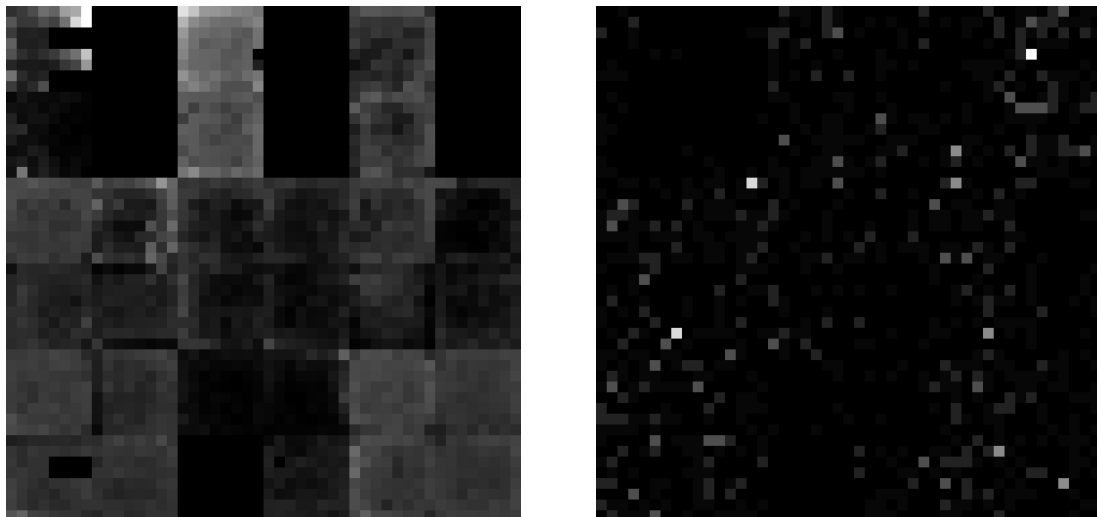
Technology demonstration

Data on the UV background and its space/time variability

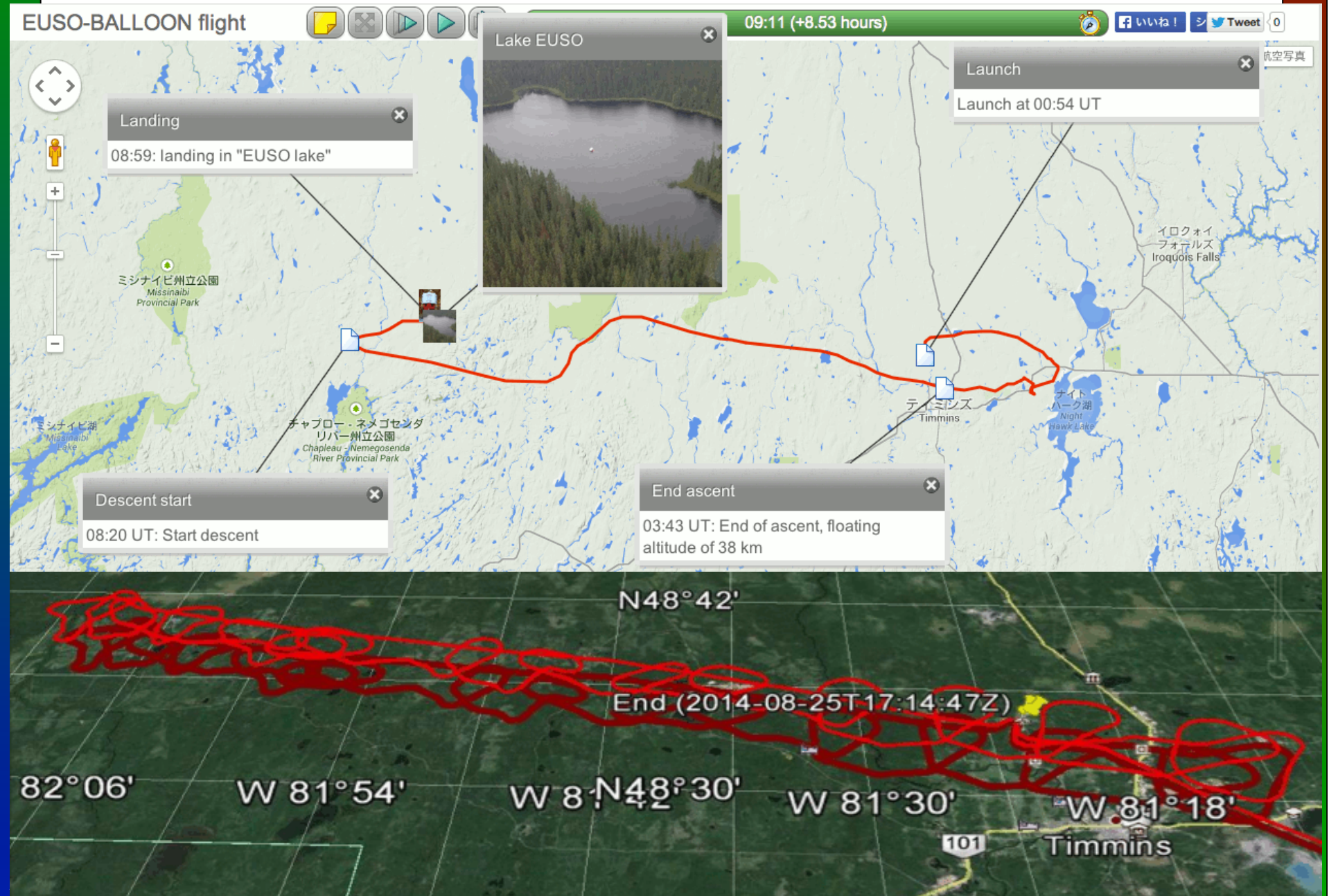
- additional to the airglow
- investigation of different types of ground / albedos

Observation of artificial transient events

laser shots + LED + Xenon flashers (US/NASA)

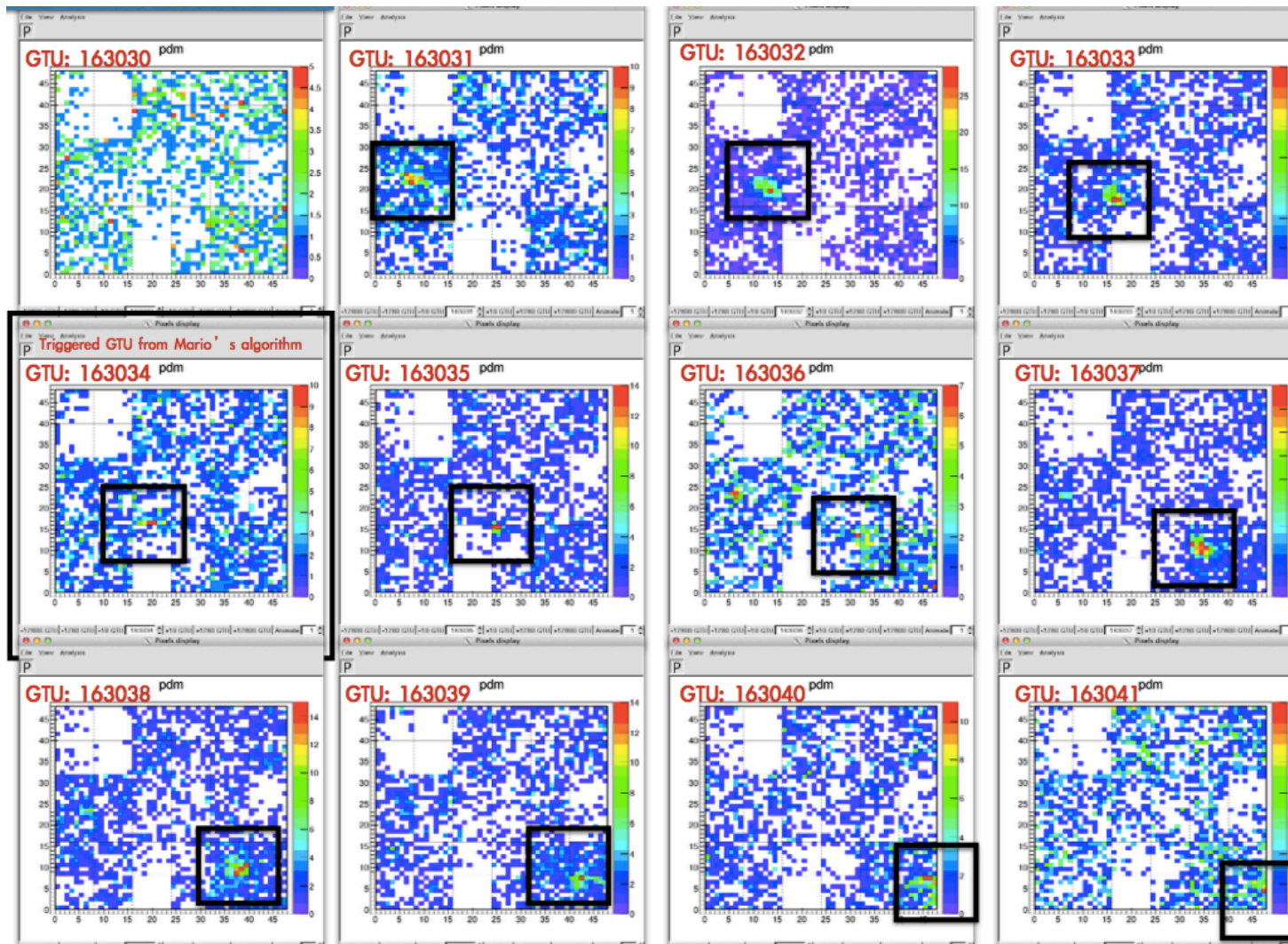


EUSO-Balloon + helicopter

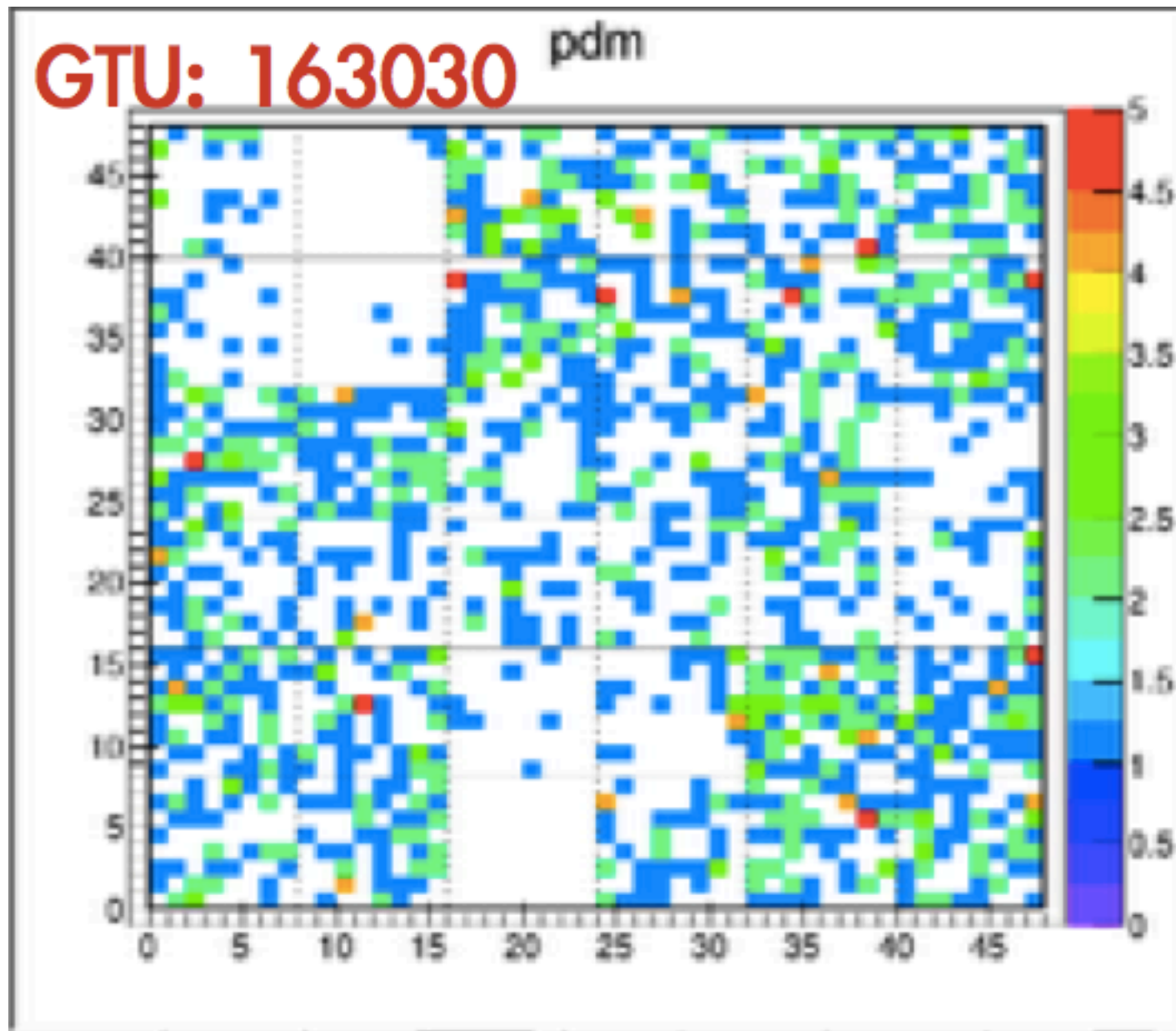


EUSO-Balloon

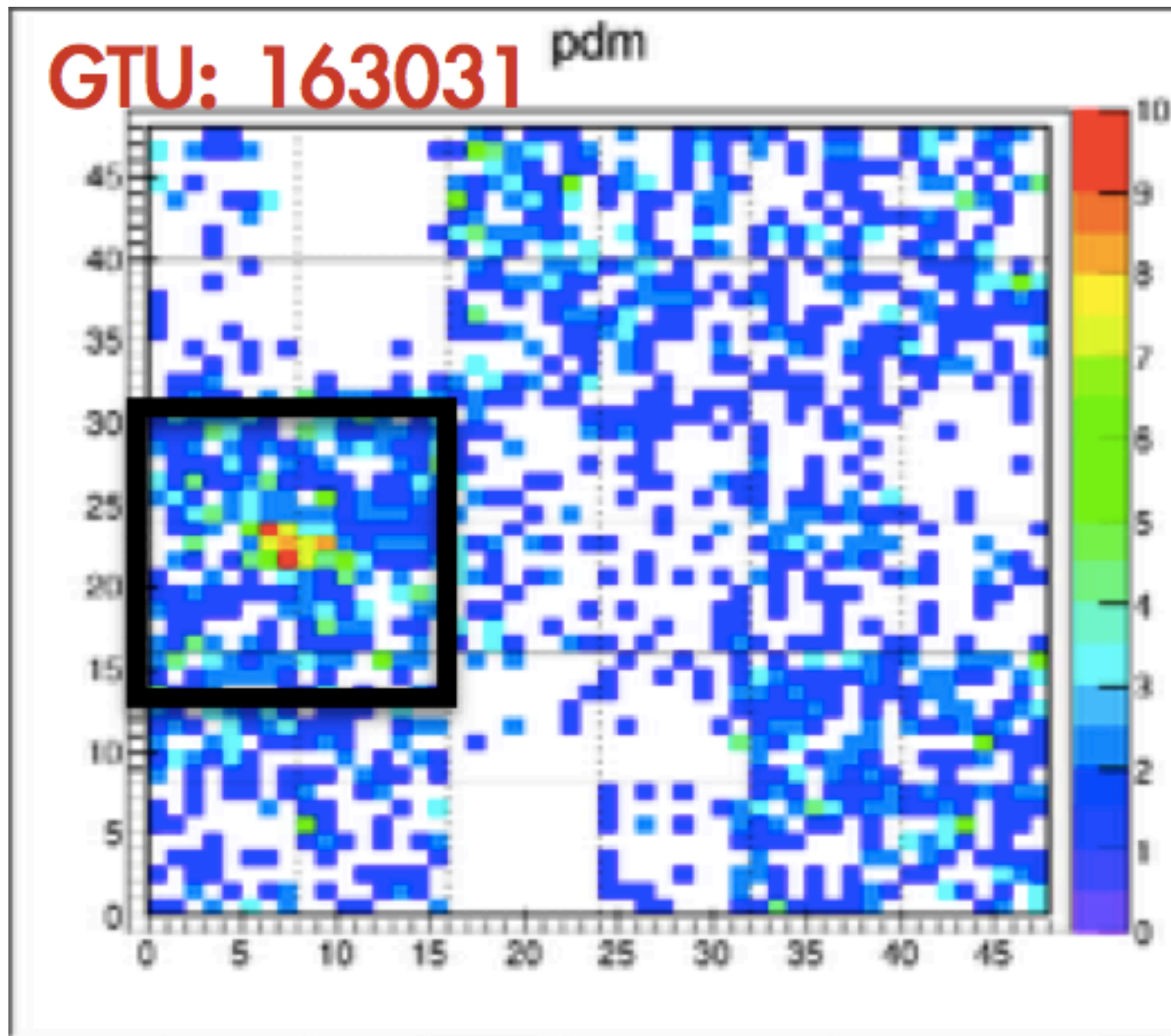
✧ The data are being analyzed right now!



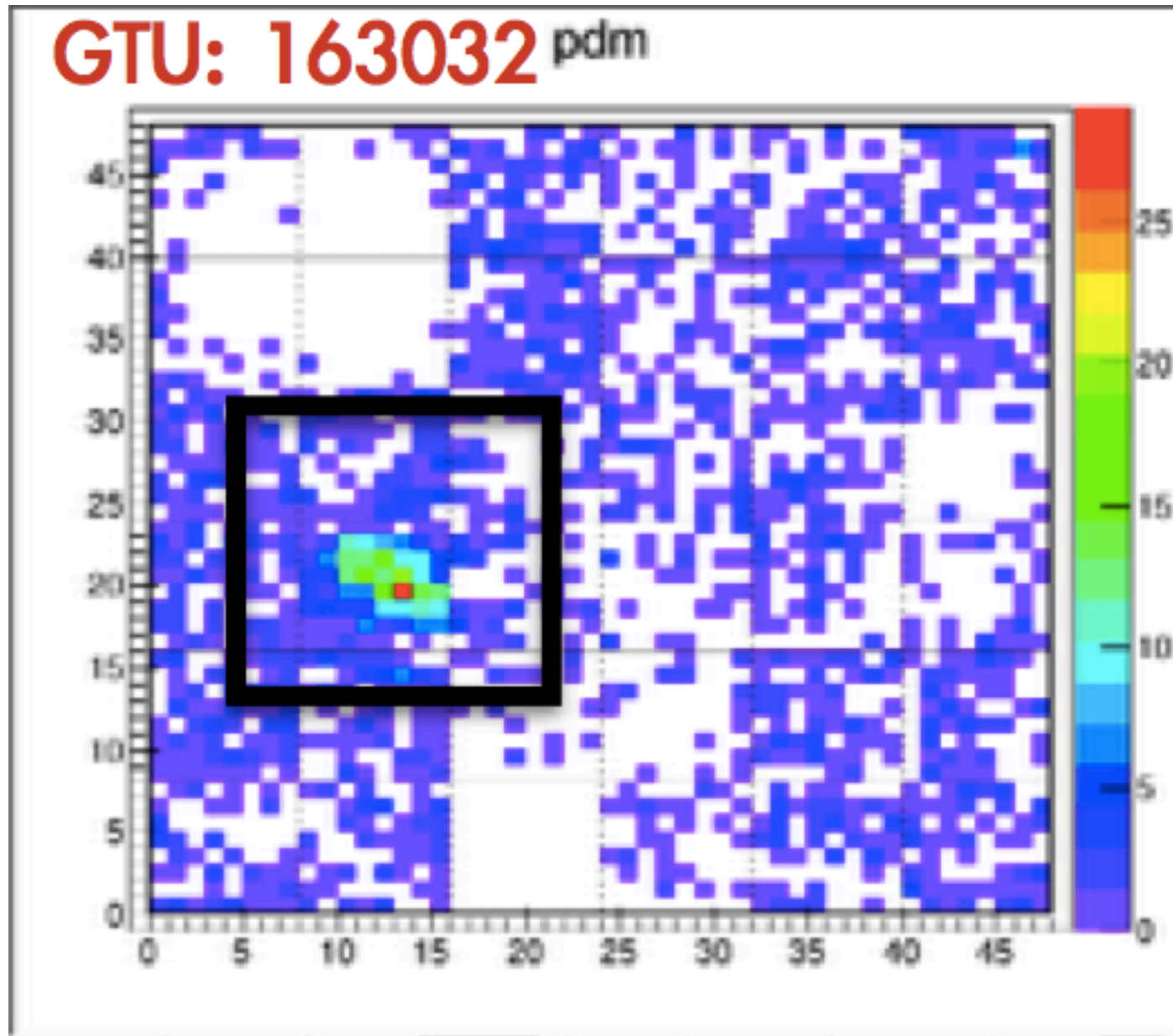
EUSO-Balloon



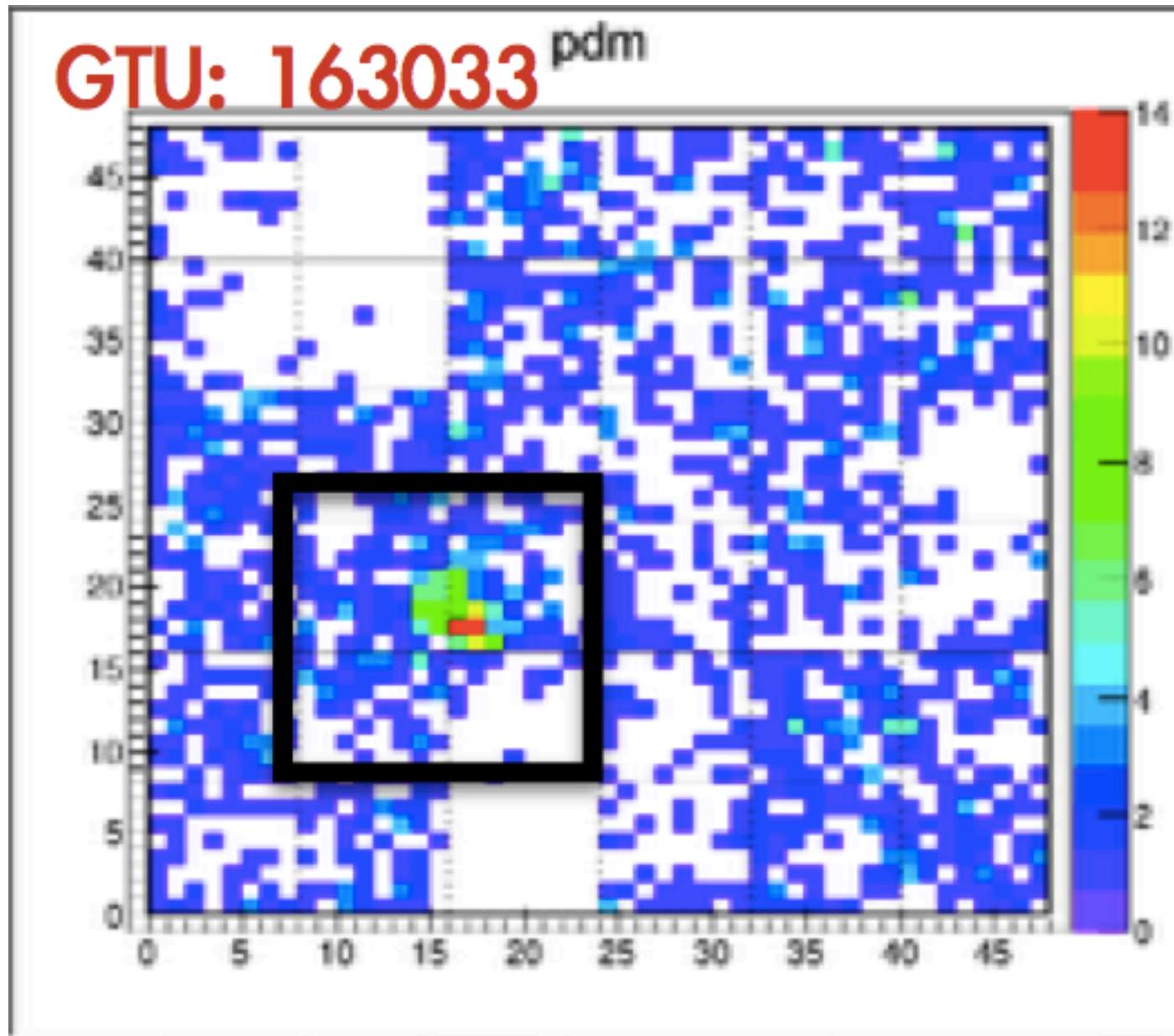
EUSO-Balloon



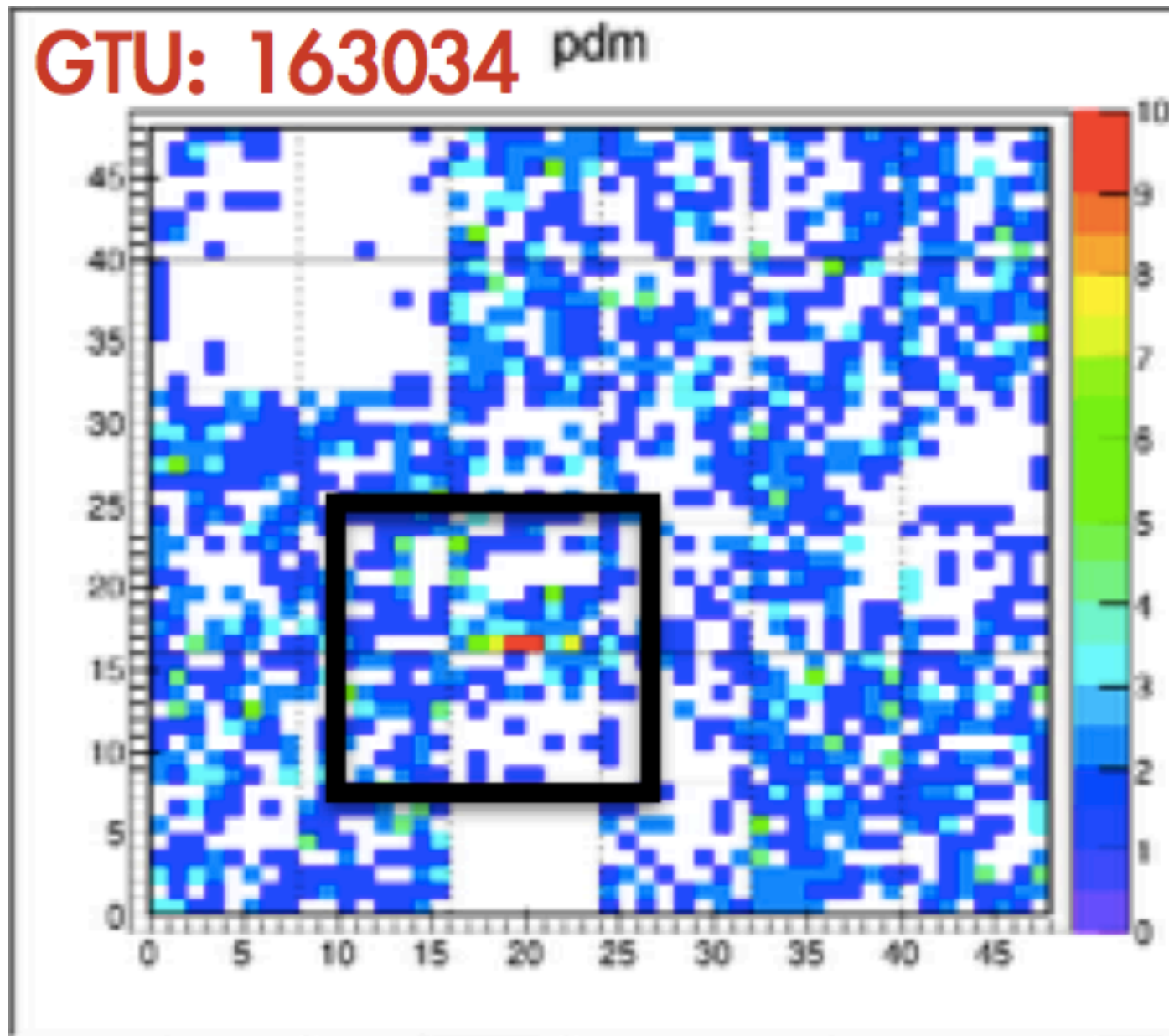
EUSO-Balloon



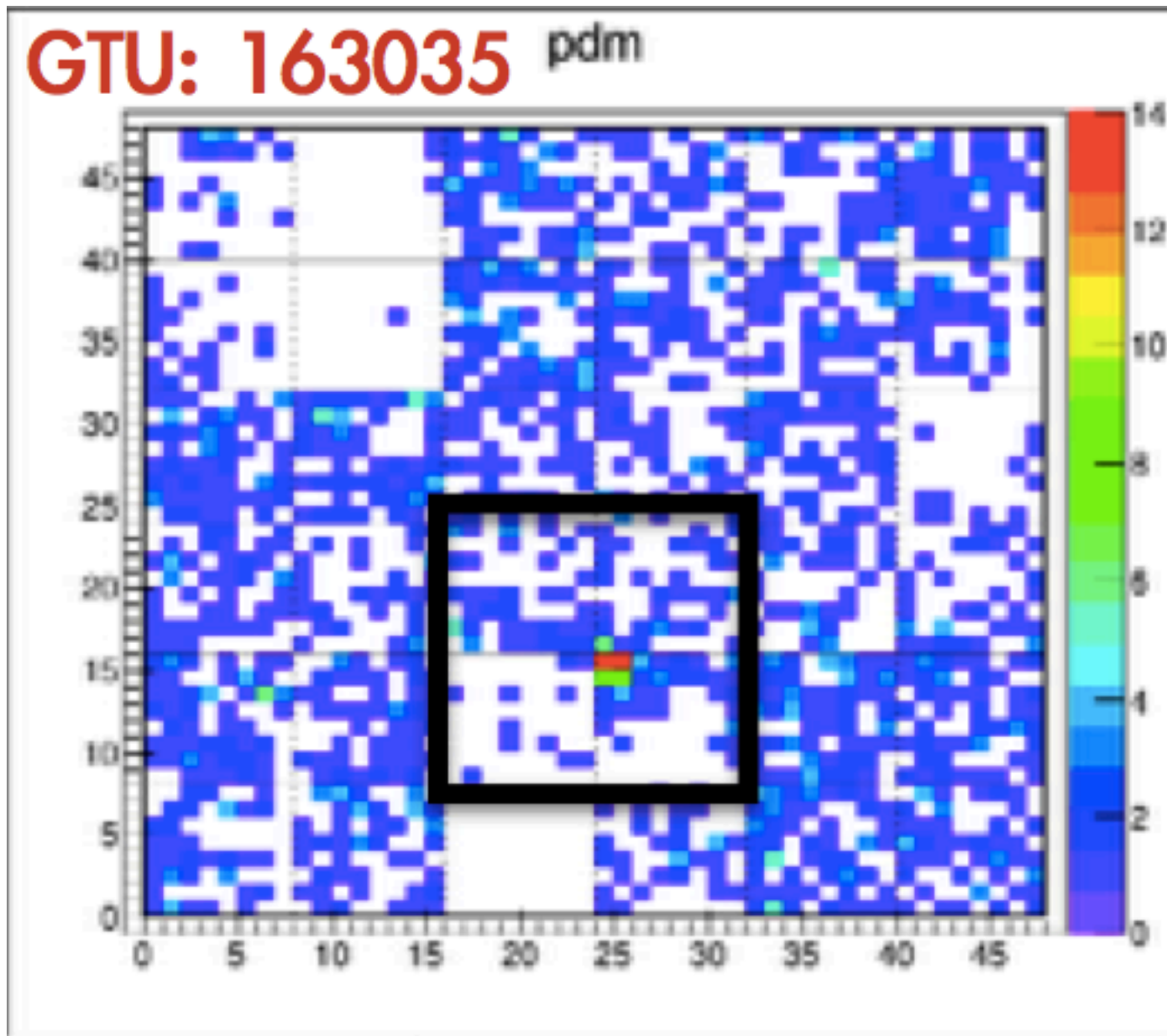
EUSO-Balloon



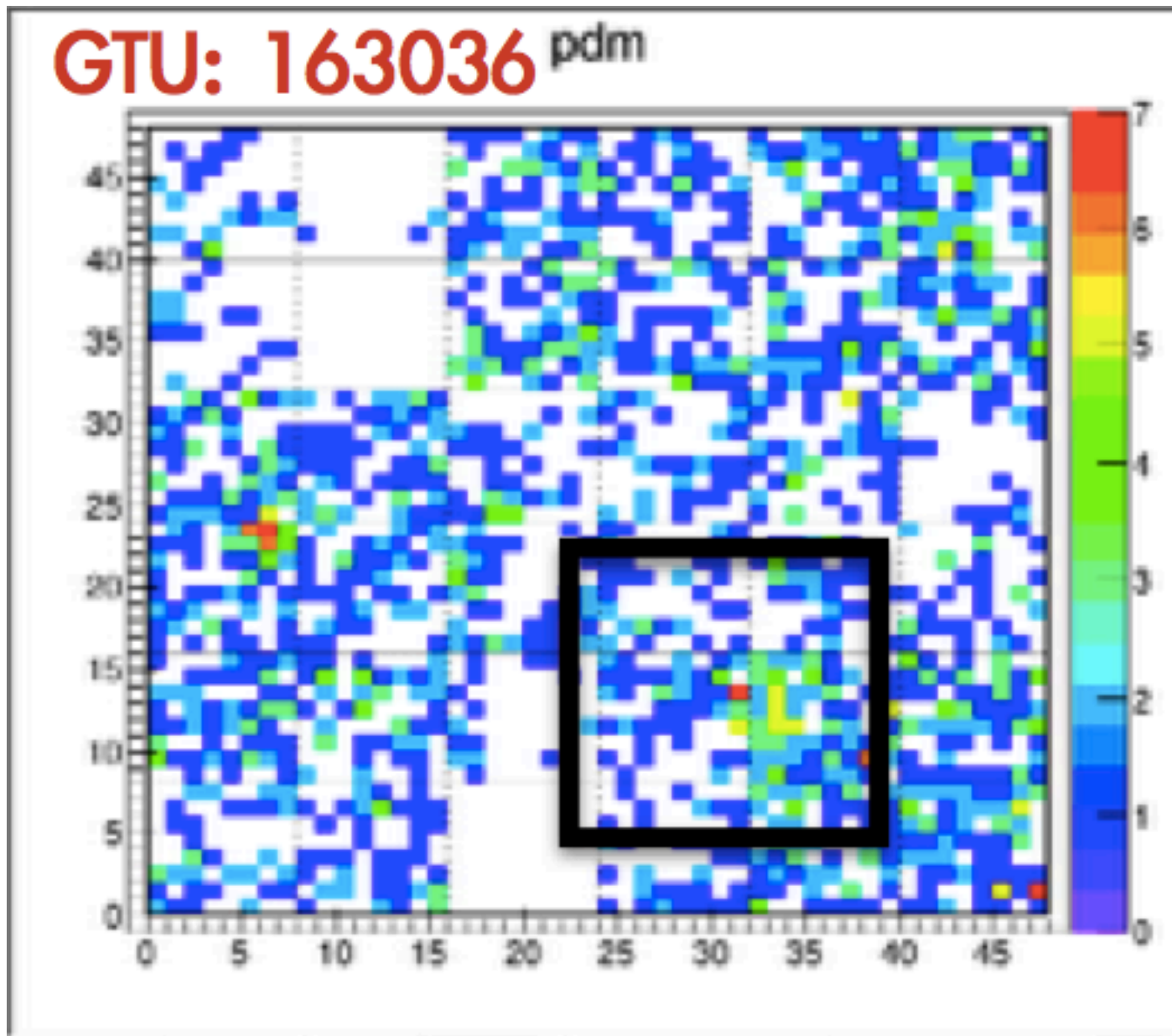
EUSO-Balloon



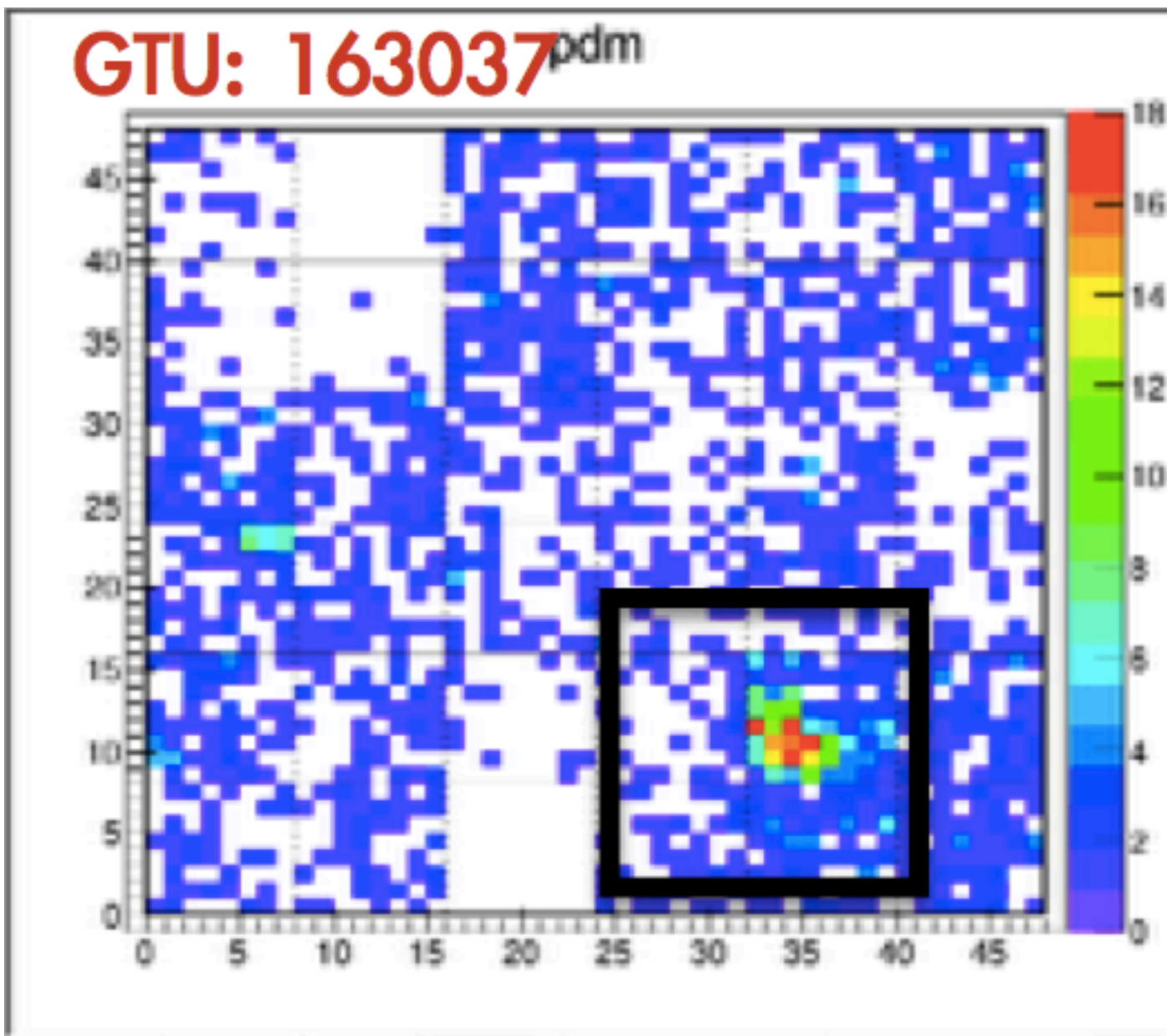
EUSO-Balloon



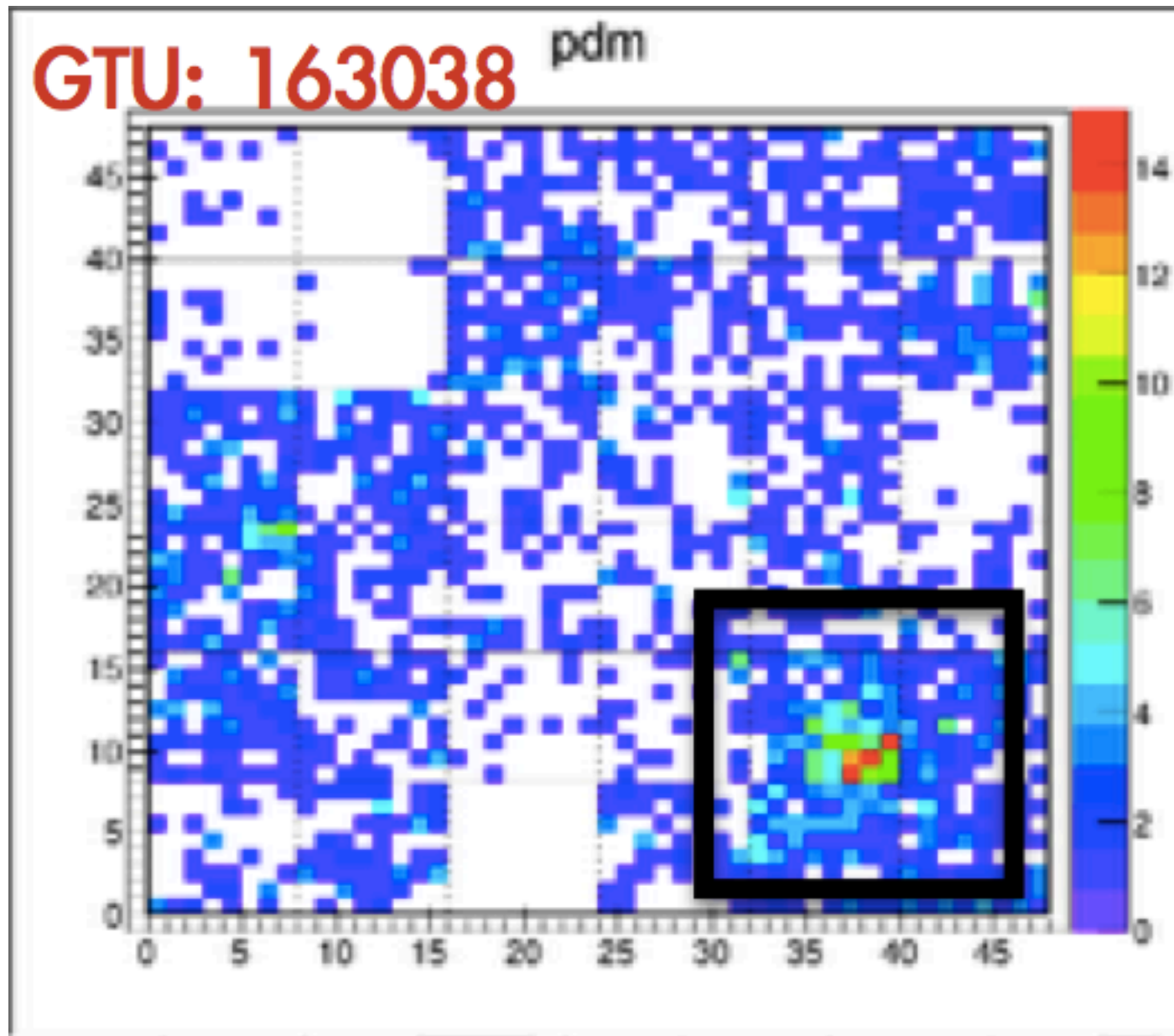
EUSO-Balloon



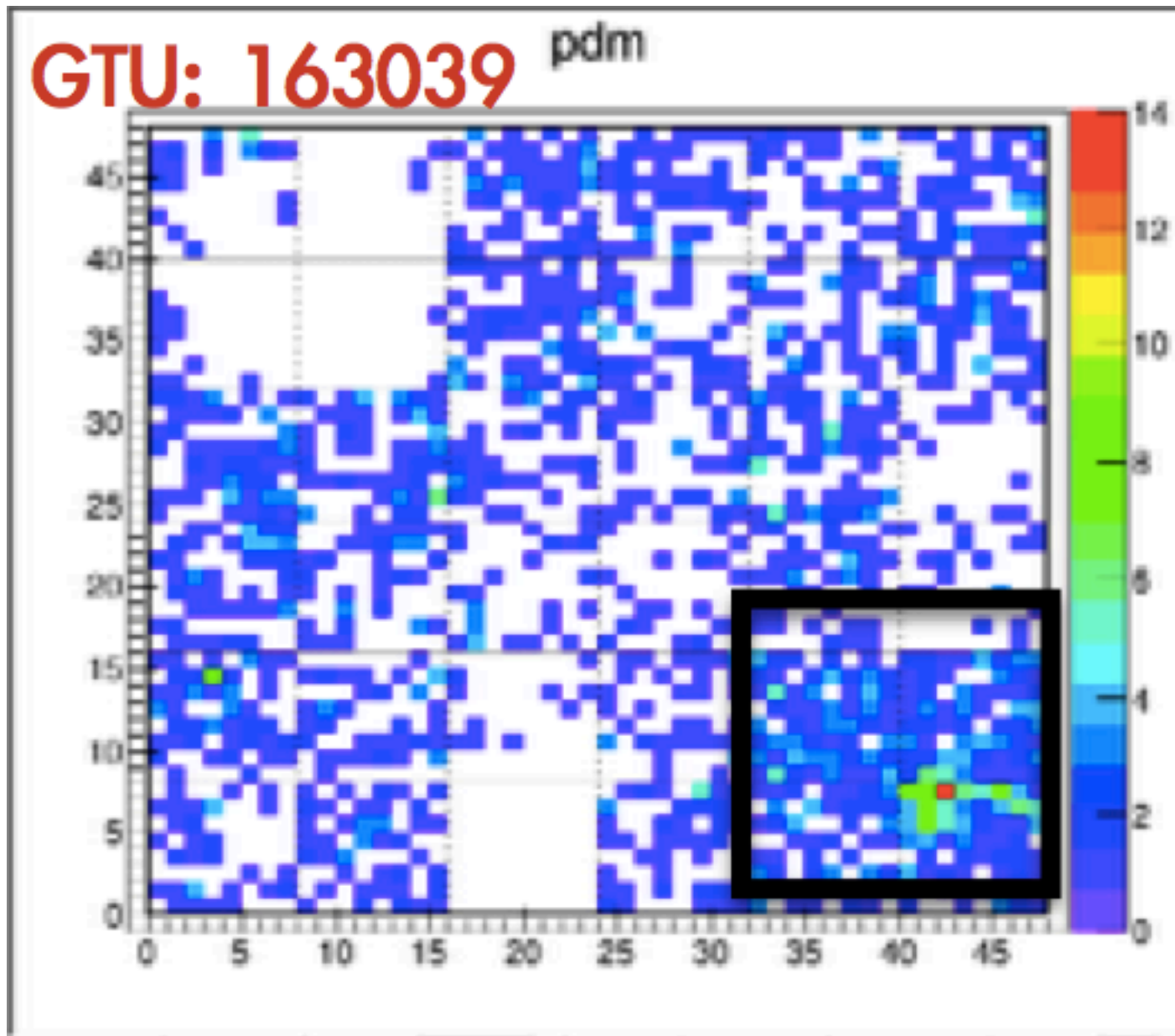
EUSO-Balloon



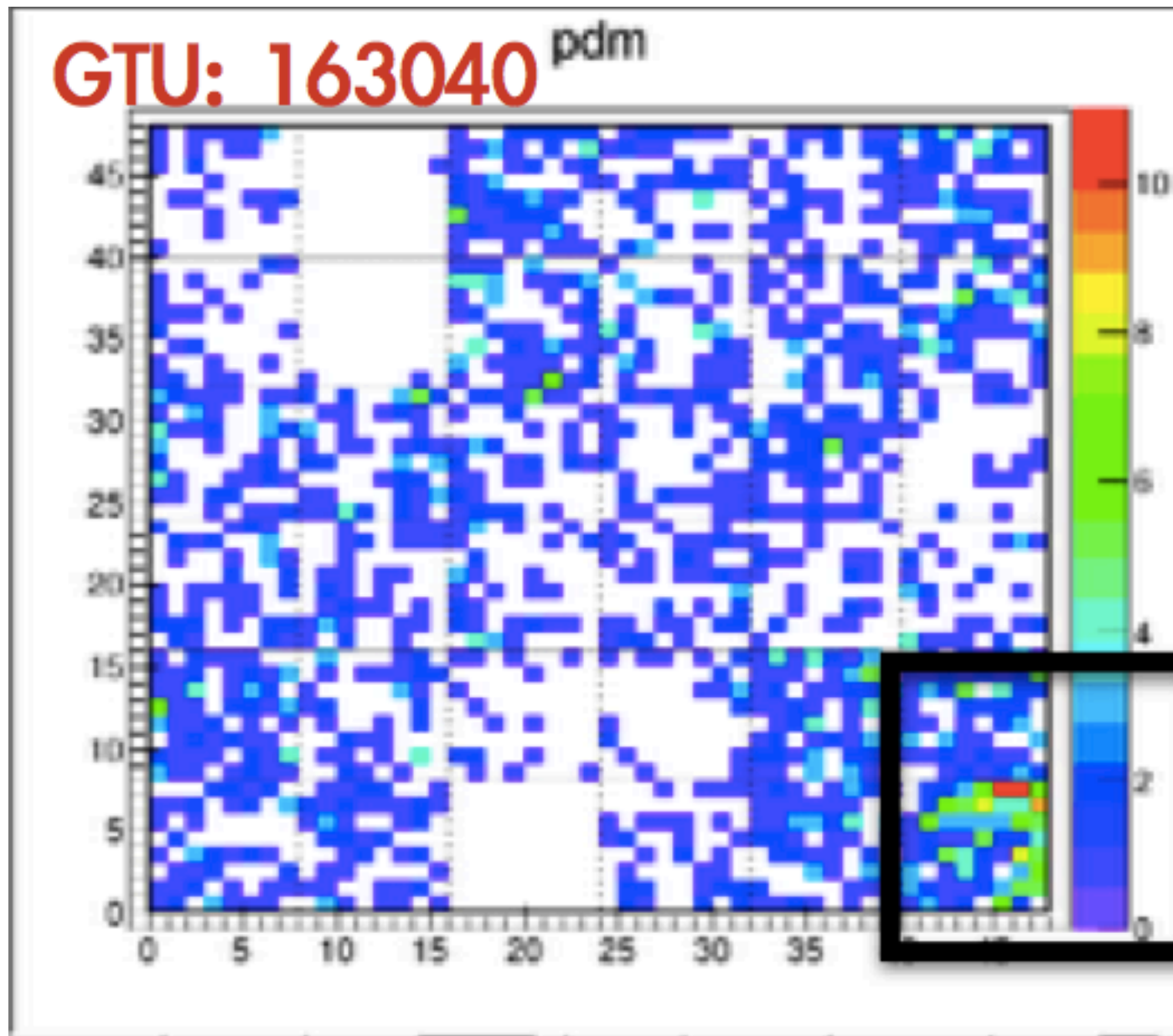
EUSO-Balloon



EUSO-Balloon

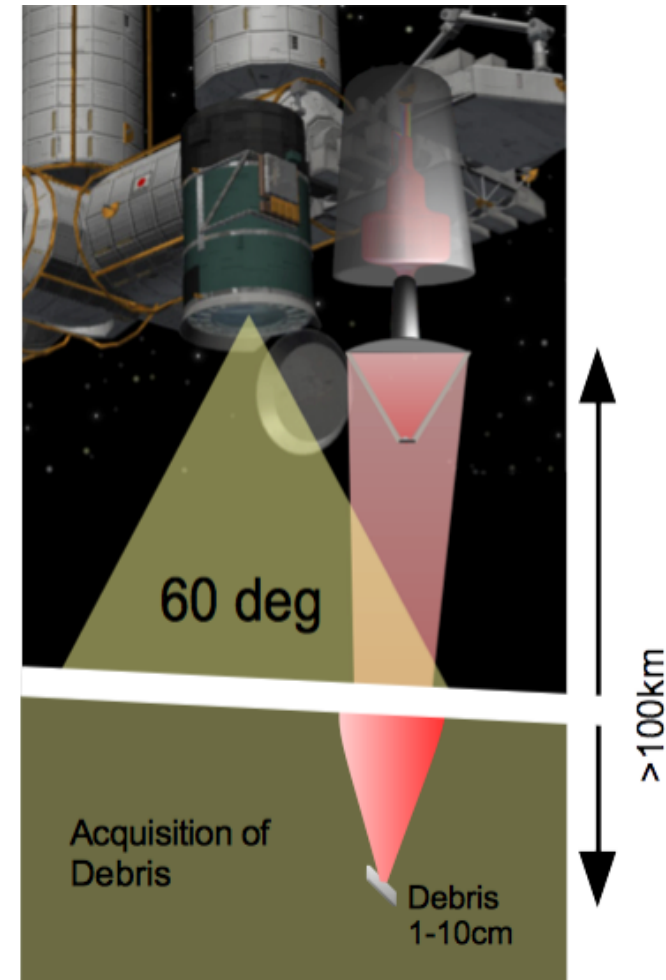
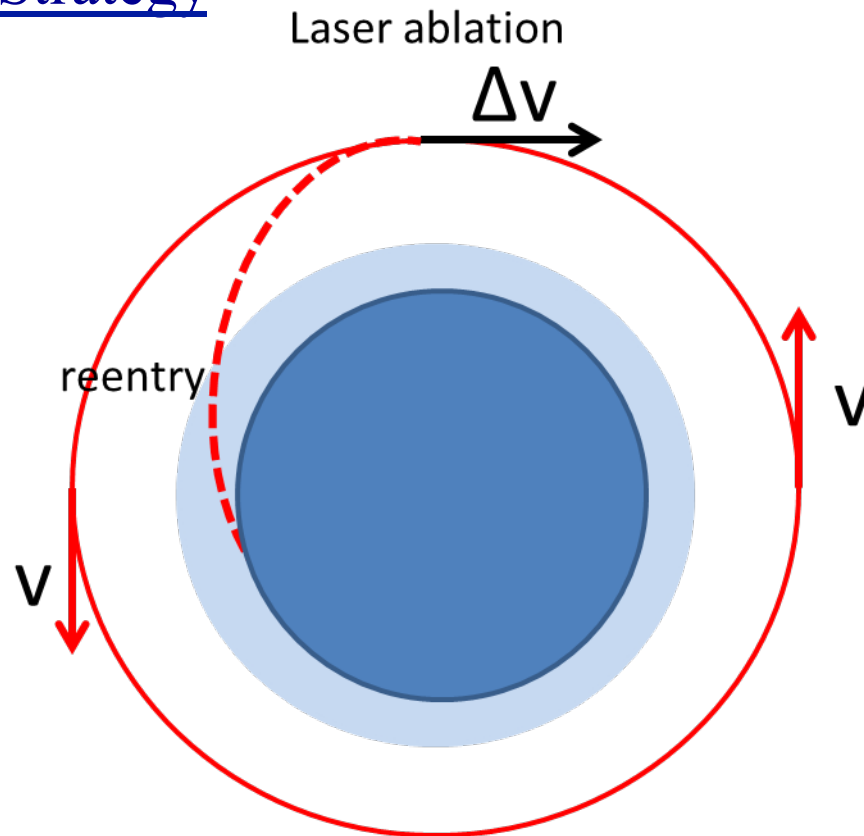


EUSO-Balloon



Space debris removal

Strategy



JEM-EUSO can detect and determine the trajectory of debris in the critical 1 cm – 10 cm range!

Next steps

Long duration balloon flight

Expected strong support from both CNES and NASA

Key milestone: detect the first UHECR showers from above
(with the fluorescence technique, well established on ground)

Mini-EUSO

Approved mission ASI (Italian Space Agency) and ROSCOSMOS)

JEM-EUSO demonstrator onboard the ISS (inside, not outside)

Will include test SiPMT detectors

Will observe airglow from space

Will observe TLEs and meteors

Can demonstrate space debris removal strategy

(to be operated in the ISS in 2017)

Thank you!

