

Black holes as brains:

Neural networks with
area law entropy

Gia Dvali

LMU-MPI & NYU

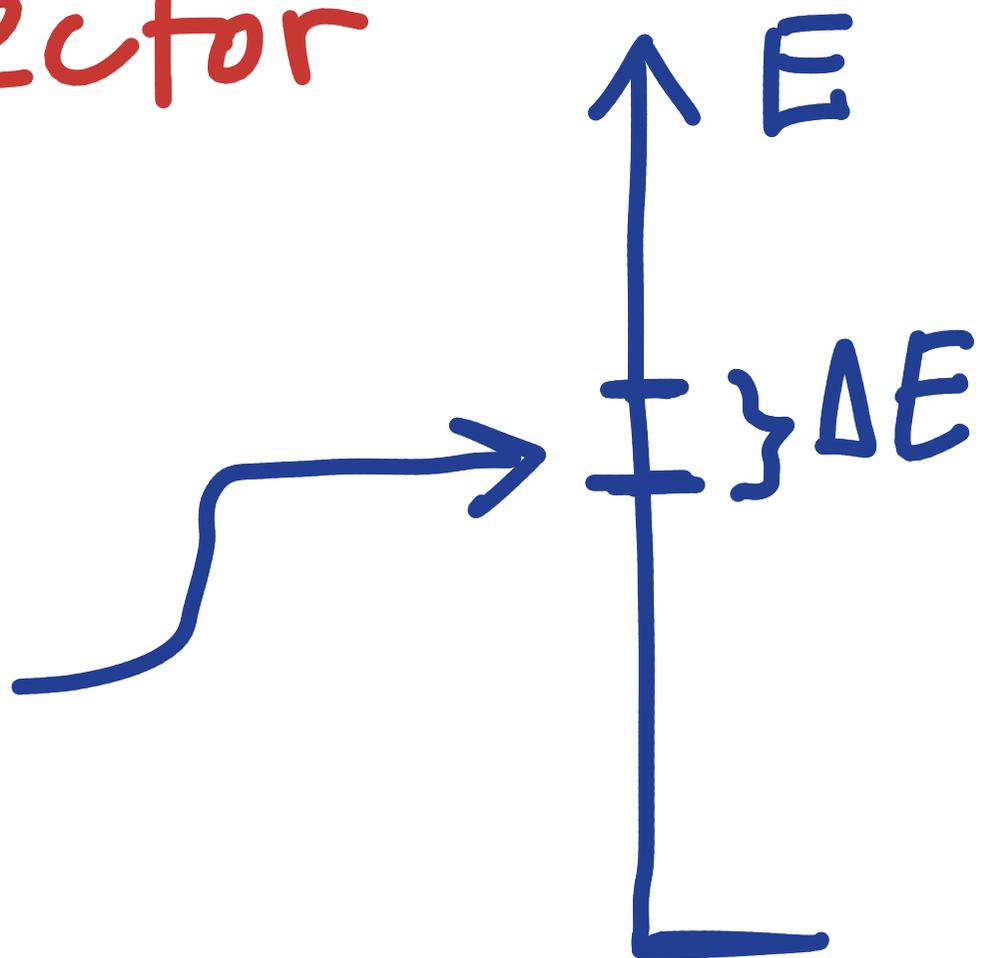
arXiv: 1801.03918
1712.02233
1711.09079

Enhanced capacity of memory storage:

Number of distinct patterns N_E that can be stored within energy gap ΔE .

Pattern vector

$$\begin{bmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \\ \vdots \\ n_M \end{bmatrix}$$



Motivation: Black holes,
human brains, AI, ...

Understanding capacity of
memory storage in black
holes in language of neural
networks

and

Understanding enhanced
capacity of memory storage
in neural networks in the
language of Quantum
Field.

Describing neural network as quantum field:

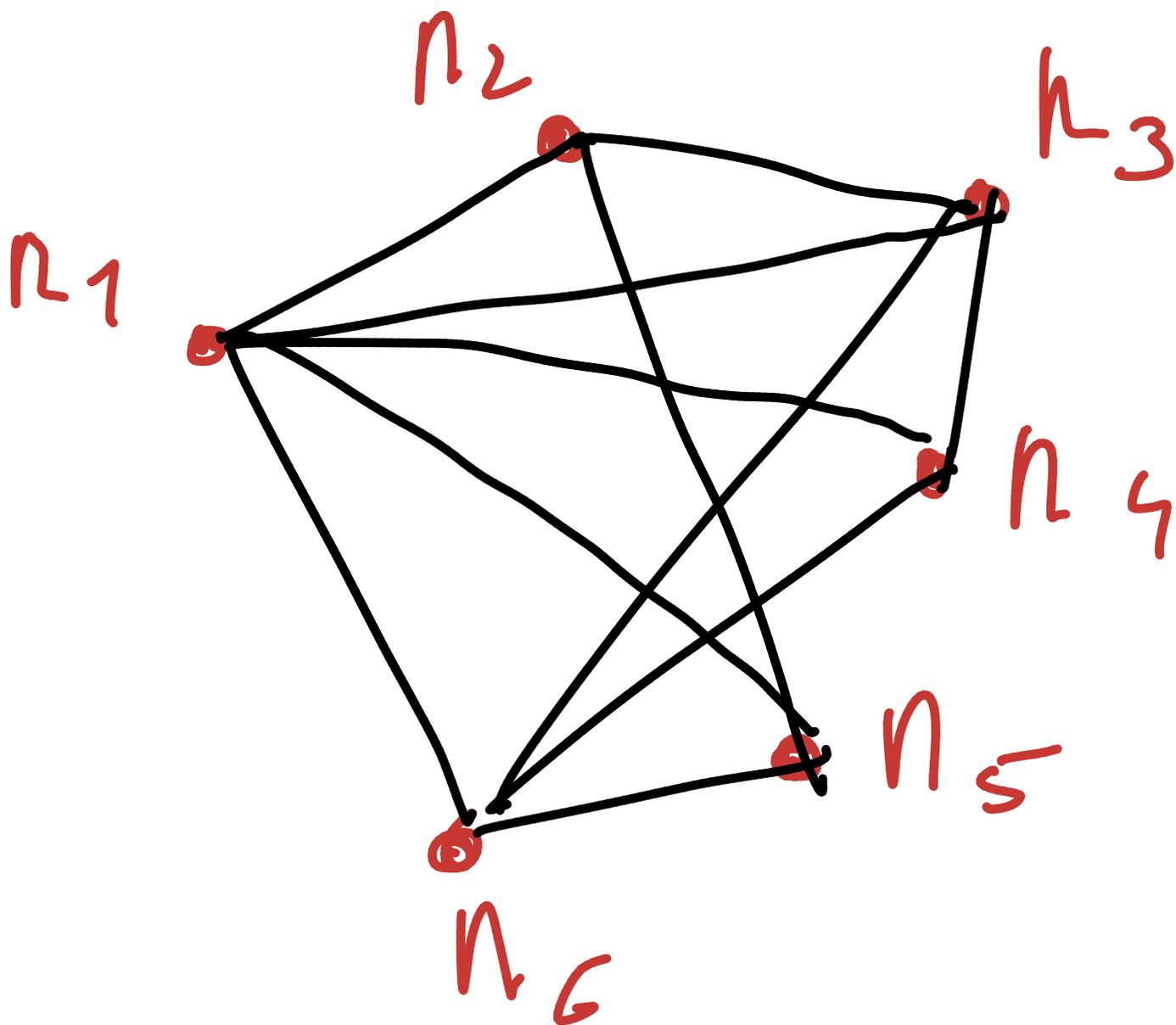
Enhanced memory state of a neural network



Critical state of large micro-state entropy of a quantum field.

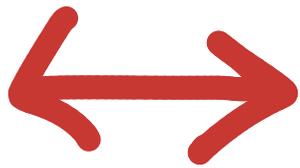
Framework: Effective description

System is described by effective degrees of freedom, \hat{n}_k ($\hat{a}_k^\dagger, \hat{a}_k$), and their interactions



Dictionary:

Quantum field



Neural network

Momentum mode



Neuron

$$\hat{n}_k \equiv \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k$$

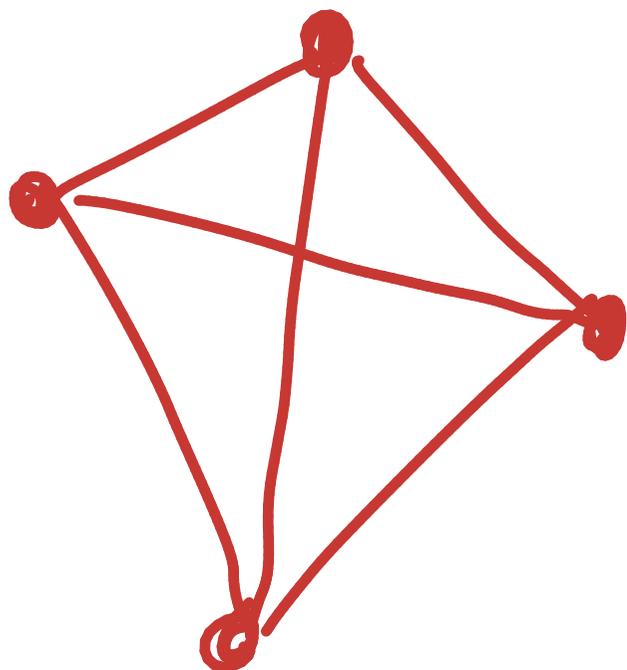
$$\hat{a}_k^\dagger |0\rangle = |1_k\rangle$$

Hamiltonian interactions between modes

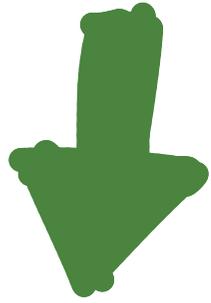


Synaptic connections

$$\hat{H}_{int} = \sum_{k,j} d_{kj} \hat{n}_k \hat{n}_j$$



Excitation level of
neuron n_k



Occupation number
of k -th mode

$$n_k = \langle \hat{n}_k \rangle$$

$$\hat{\Psi}(x) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} Y_{\mathbf{k}}(x) \hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}}$$

Complete set of harmonics.

This introduces a sense of geometry and locality in neural network

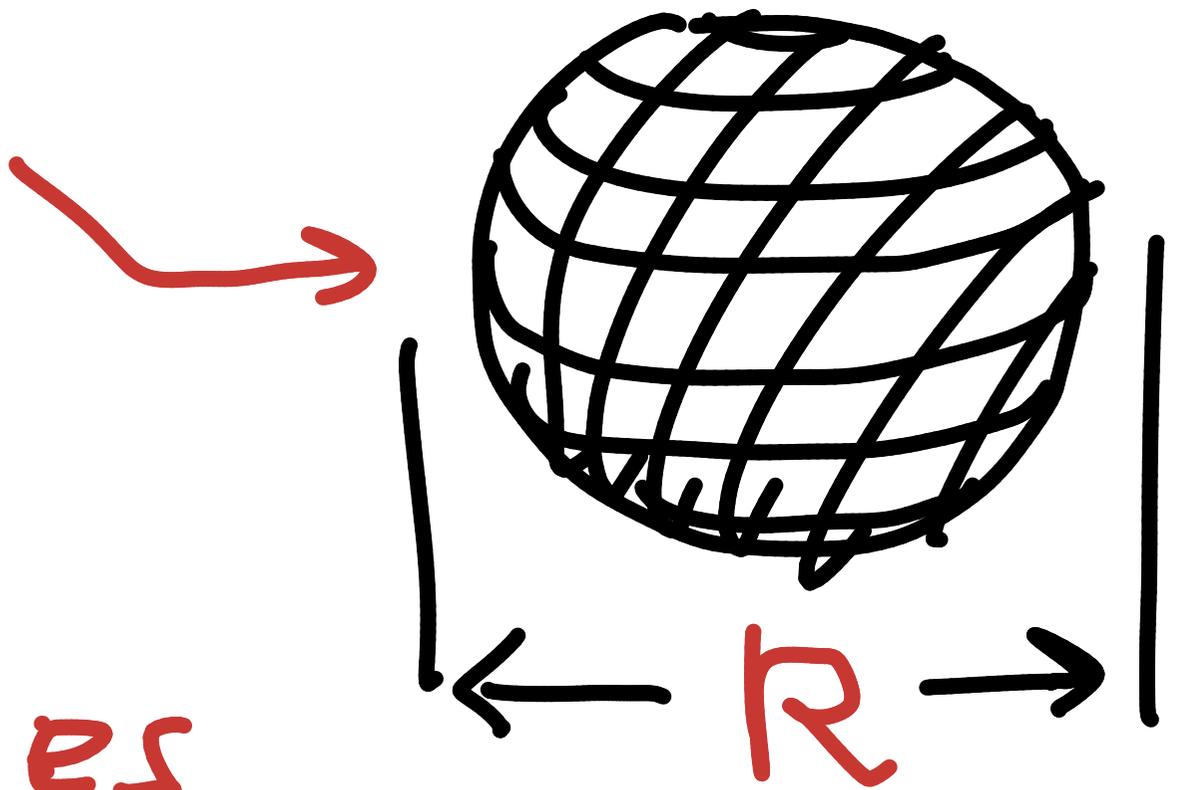
$$\hat{H}_{int} = \int \hat{\Psi}^\dagger \hat{\Psi}^\dagger \Psi \Psi$$

Local in position space

Lesson from black
holes:

Bekenstein entropy

$$S = \frac{R^2}{L_P^2}$$



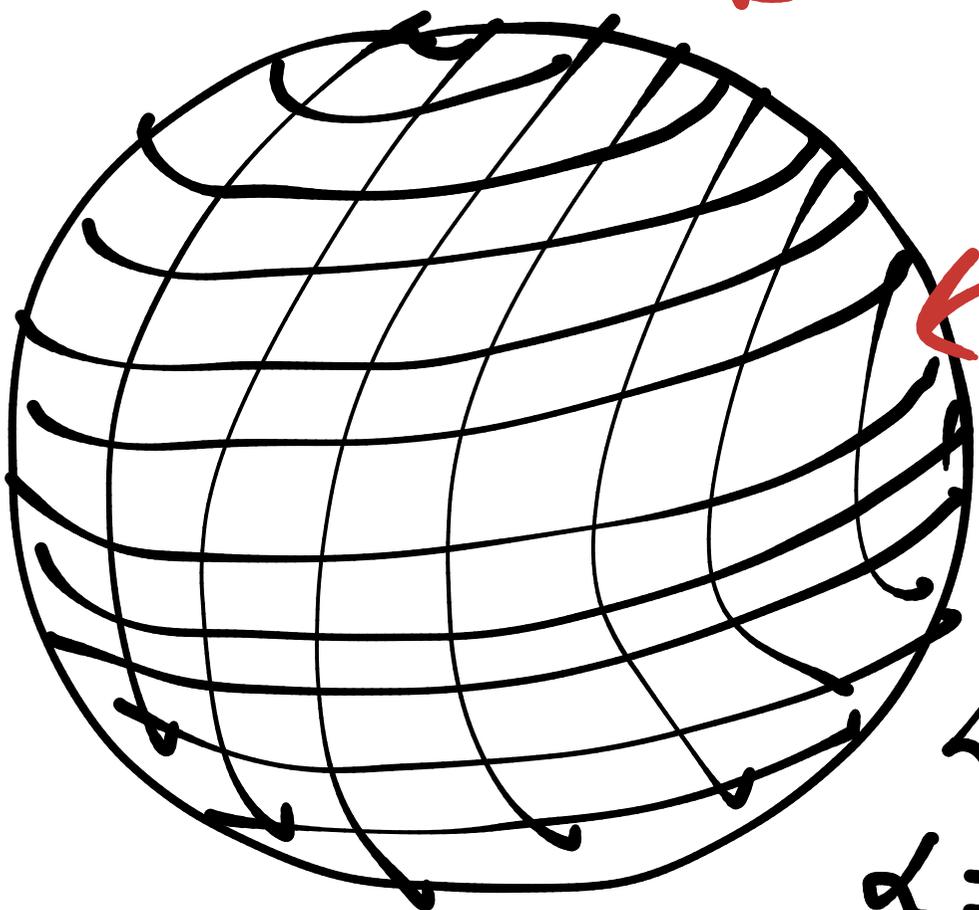
This implies
number of patterns

$$\Delta N_P = e^S \text{ per energy}$$

$$\text{gap } \Delta E = \frac{\hbar}{R} !$$

Holographic degrees of freedom

Qubit



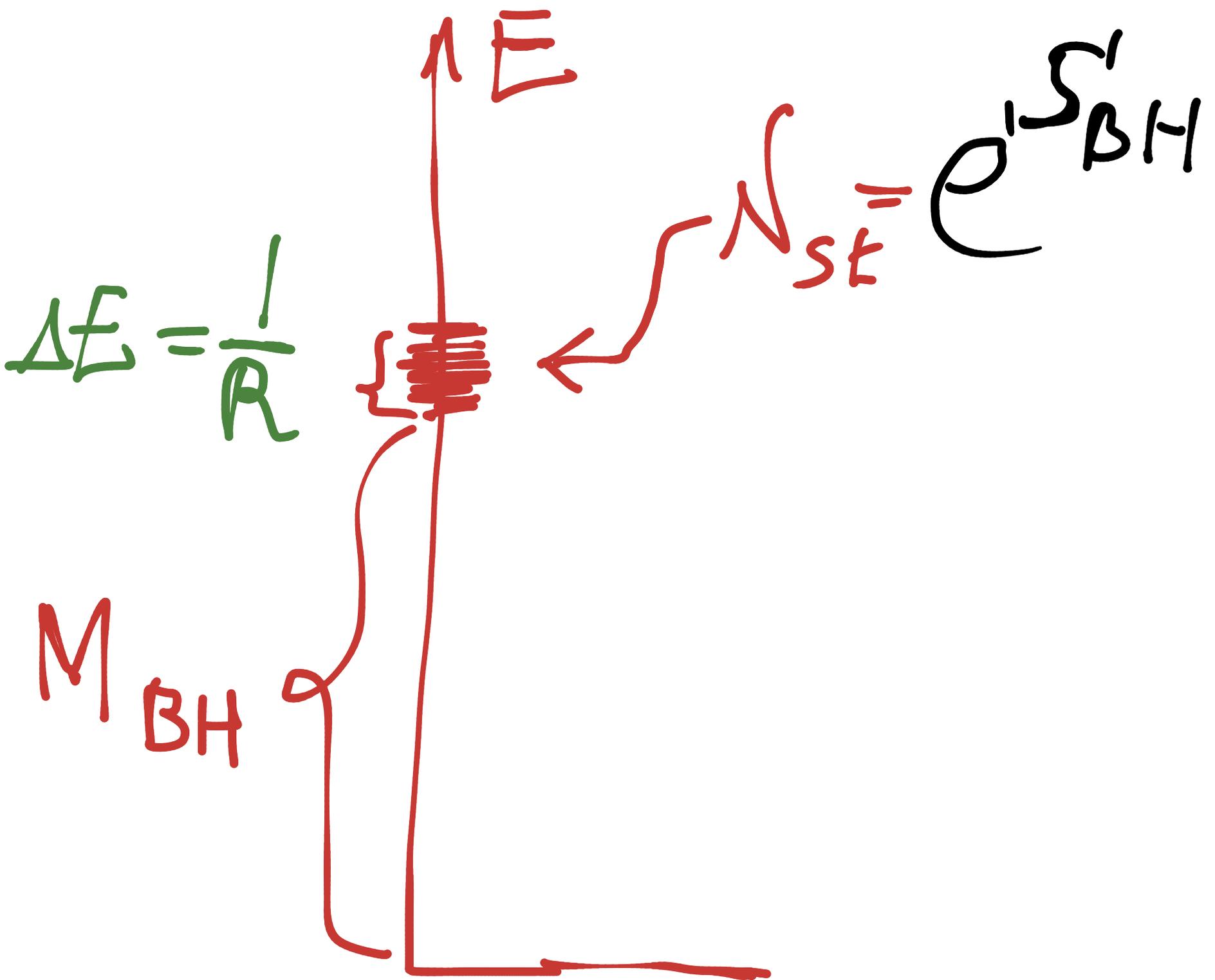
$\{ |1\rangle \}$
 $\{ |0\rangle \}$

$$\langle \hat{n}_\alpha \rangle = 0, 1$$
$$\alpha = 1, \dots, S$$

BH is S -long message:

$$|BH\rangle = |n_1, n_2, \dots, n_S\rangle$$

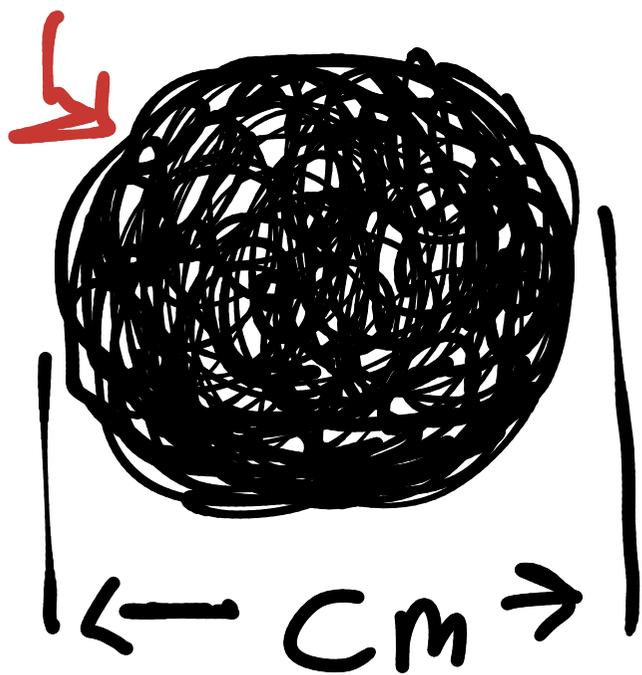
But, unlike ordinary systems crowded in a tiny gap!



Thus, each holographic qubit must be almost gapless!

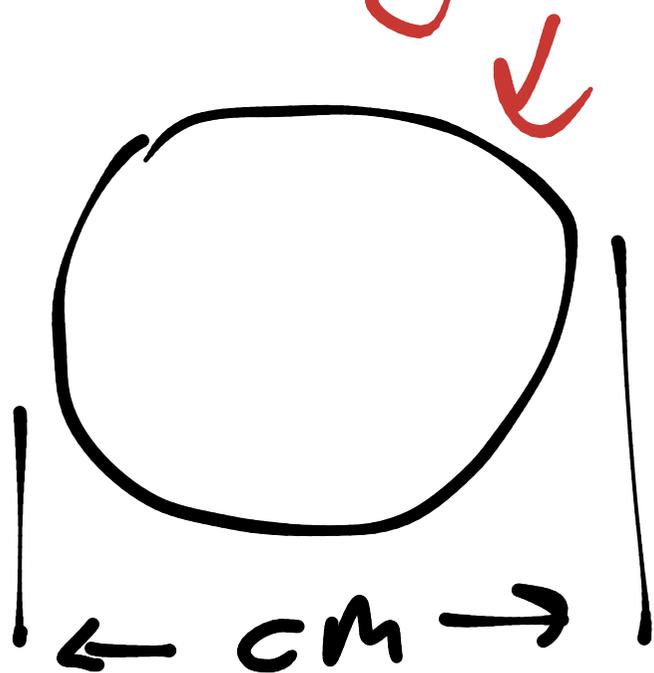
$$E_{|1\rangle} - E_{|0\rangle} = \frac{1}{S_{BH}} \frac{1}{R}$$

BH



$$\Delta E \sim 10^{-5} \text{ eV}$$

"Ordinary Box"



$$\Delta E \sim 10^{-71} \text{ eV}$$

Two questions:

① What is the origin of gapless modes?

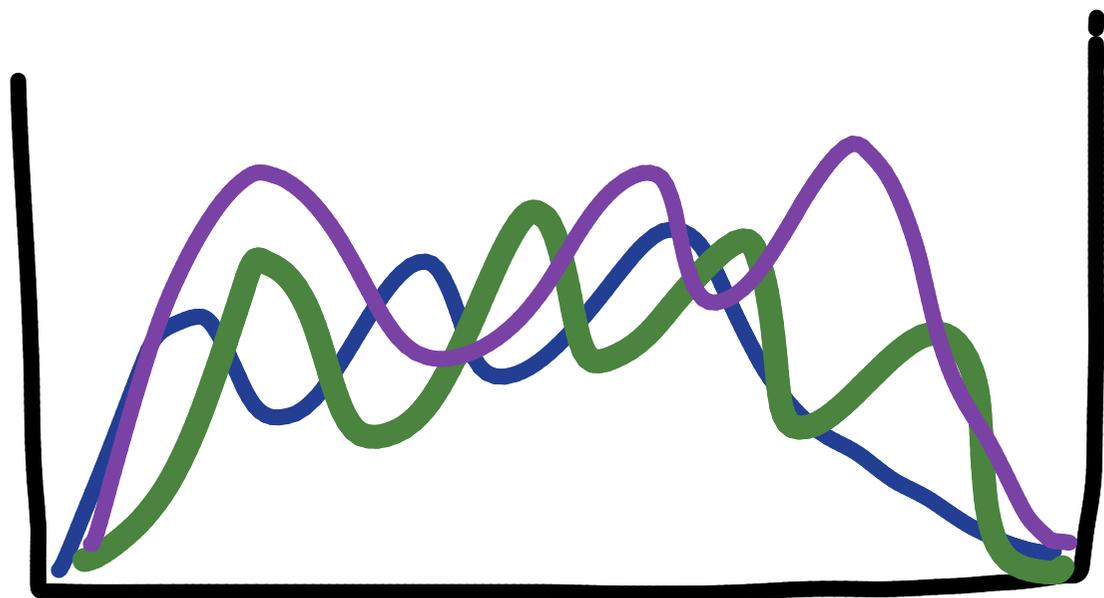
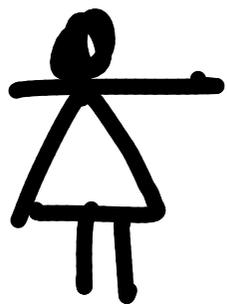
① What is the origin of Area-Scaling of their number?

We shall not speculate about how black hole manages this.

Our task:

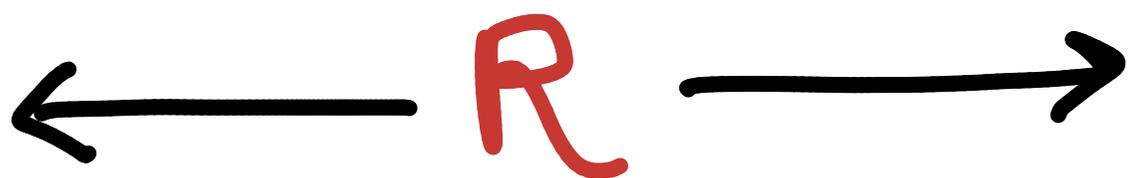
Using well-known properties of black hole, design a neural network (equivalently a quantum field) with similar properties.

Alice and Bob



around

vacuum



$|0\rangle =$ empty box

Pattern storage is very costly in energy.

e.g. $|0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle$

$(0, 0, \dots, 0) \rightarrow (1, 0, \dots, 0)$

$$\Delta E \sim \frac{\hbar}{R} !$$

After the particle number becomes

$$N \sim \frac{1}{\alpha_{\text{gr}}} = \frac{R^2}{L_p^2}$$

a black hole is formed

$$M_{\text{BH}} = \frac{R^2}{L_p^2} \frac{\hbar}{R}$$

and memory capacity becomes huge

Elementary gap:

$$\Delta E \sim \frac{\hbar}{R} \frac{1}{N} !$$

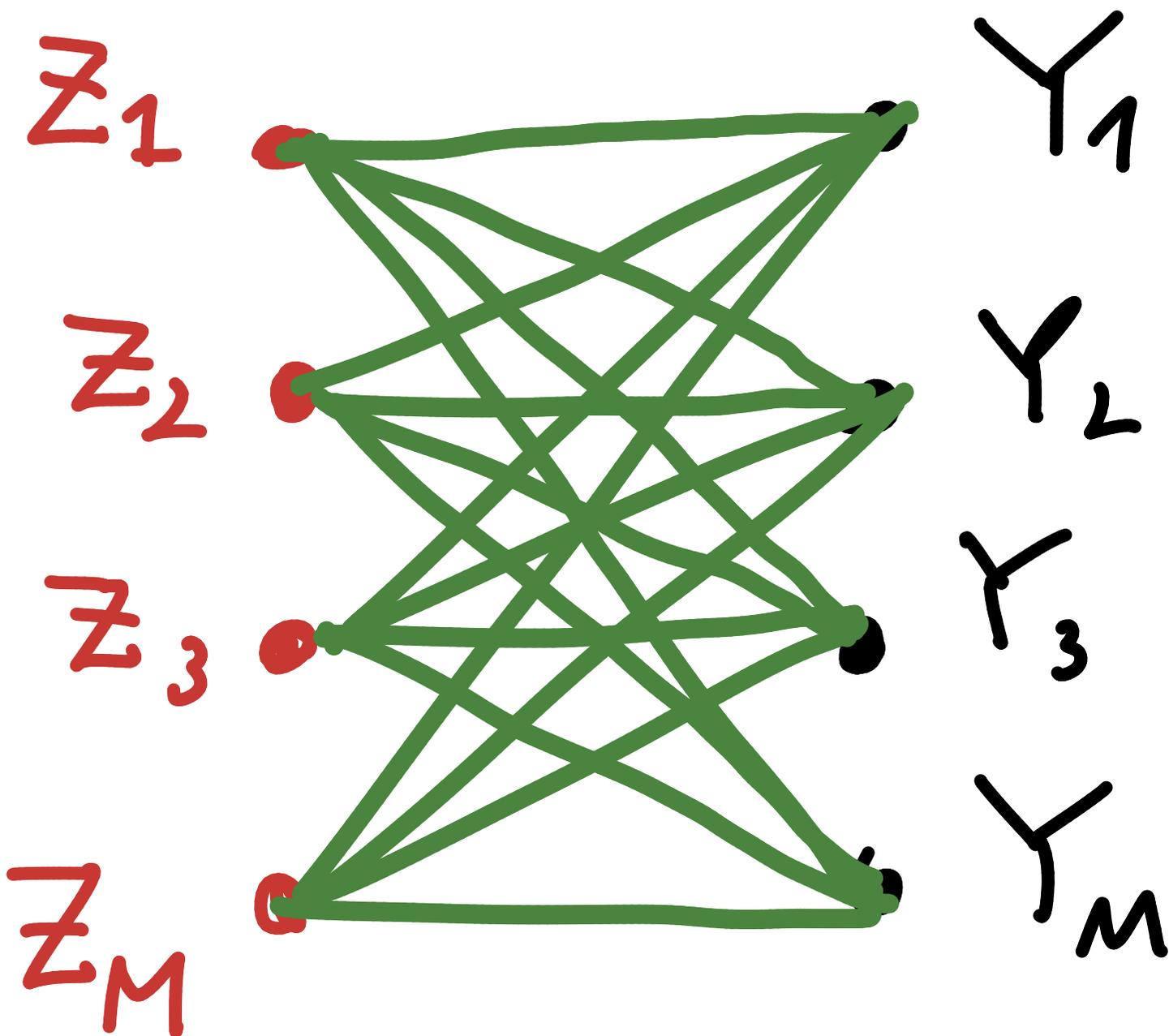
Bob wants to achieve the same in neural network:

- ① Design a network with gravity-like synaptic connections;
- ② Look for the states with lowest momentum modes occupied to

$$N \sim \frac{1}{(\text{coupling strength})}$$

First the essence:

$$\hat{H} = E_{\alpha} \hat{Z}_{\alpha} + E_{\beta} \hat{Y}_{\beta} + g_{\alpha\beta} \hat{Z}_{\alpha} \hat{Y}_{\beta}$$



Effective threshold
for Y -neurons:

$$E_j^i = E_j - g_{j\alpha} Z_\alpha$$

Thus, around the state

$$Z_\alpha = (\bar{g}^{-1})_{\alpha j} E_j$$

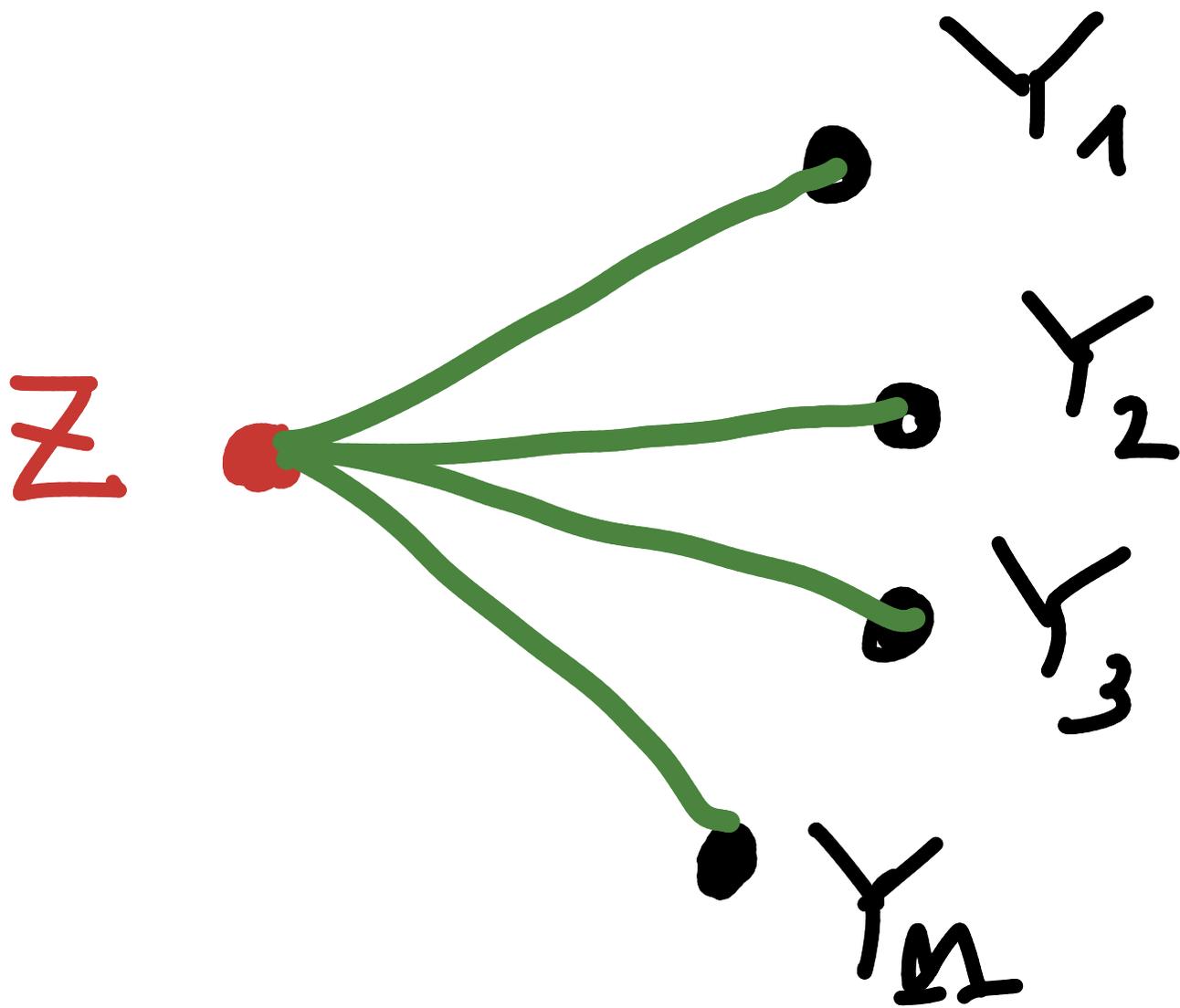
the Y -neurons become
gates and memory
storage capacity is
exponentially large

$$N_P \sim Y_{MAX}^M$$

In the presence of a symmetry, extra degeneracy appears.

e.g.,

$$\hat{H} = (\hat{E} - \hat{Z}g) \hat{Y}$$



Gravity-like network
with area low entropy

$$\hat{H} = E_k \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k + \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{W}_{kr} \hat{a}_r$$

where

$$\hat{W}_{kr} =$$

$$= \frac{E_k E_r}{2\Omega} \left[3 - \frac{E_k E_r}{E_*} \right] \sum_{s,q}$$

$$C_{skqr} \hat{a}_s^\dagger \hat{a}_q$$

$$C_{\sigma kqr} = \int d^d \Omega Y_s^* Y_k^* Y_q Y_r$$

Harmonics on S_d ↗

$$Y_k \equiv Y_{k_1 \dots k_d}$$

$$|k_1| \leq k_2 \leq \dots \leq k_d = 0, 1, \dots, \infty$$

$$\Delta Y_k = - \frac{k_d(k_d + d - 1)}{R^2} Y_k$$



Laplace on S_d .

Eigenvalue degeneracy

$$N_k \sim (k_d)^{d-1}$$

Quantum field description of network

$$\hat{\psi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \gamma_{\mathbf{k}} \hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}}$$

Hamiltonian:

$$\hat{H} = \int_{S_d} -\hat{\psi}^\dagger \Delta \hat{\psi} - \frac{3}{2\Lambda} (\hat{\psi}^\dagger \Delta \hat{\psi}^\dagger) \cdot (\hat{\psi} \Delta \hat{\psi}) + \frac{1}{2\Lambda \epsilon_*^2} (\hat{\psi}^\dagger \Delta^2 \hat{\psi}^\dagger) (\hat{\psi} \Delta^2 \hat{\psi})$$

$\Lambda, \epsilon_* \leftarrow$ parameters

The state of enhanced
memory capacity:

$$\langle \hat{a}_0^\dagger \hat{a}_0 \rangle = N_0 = \frac{\Lambda}{\epsilon_*} \Rightarrow 1$$

Double-scaling limit

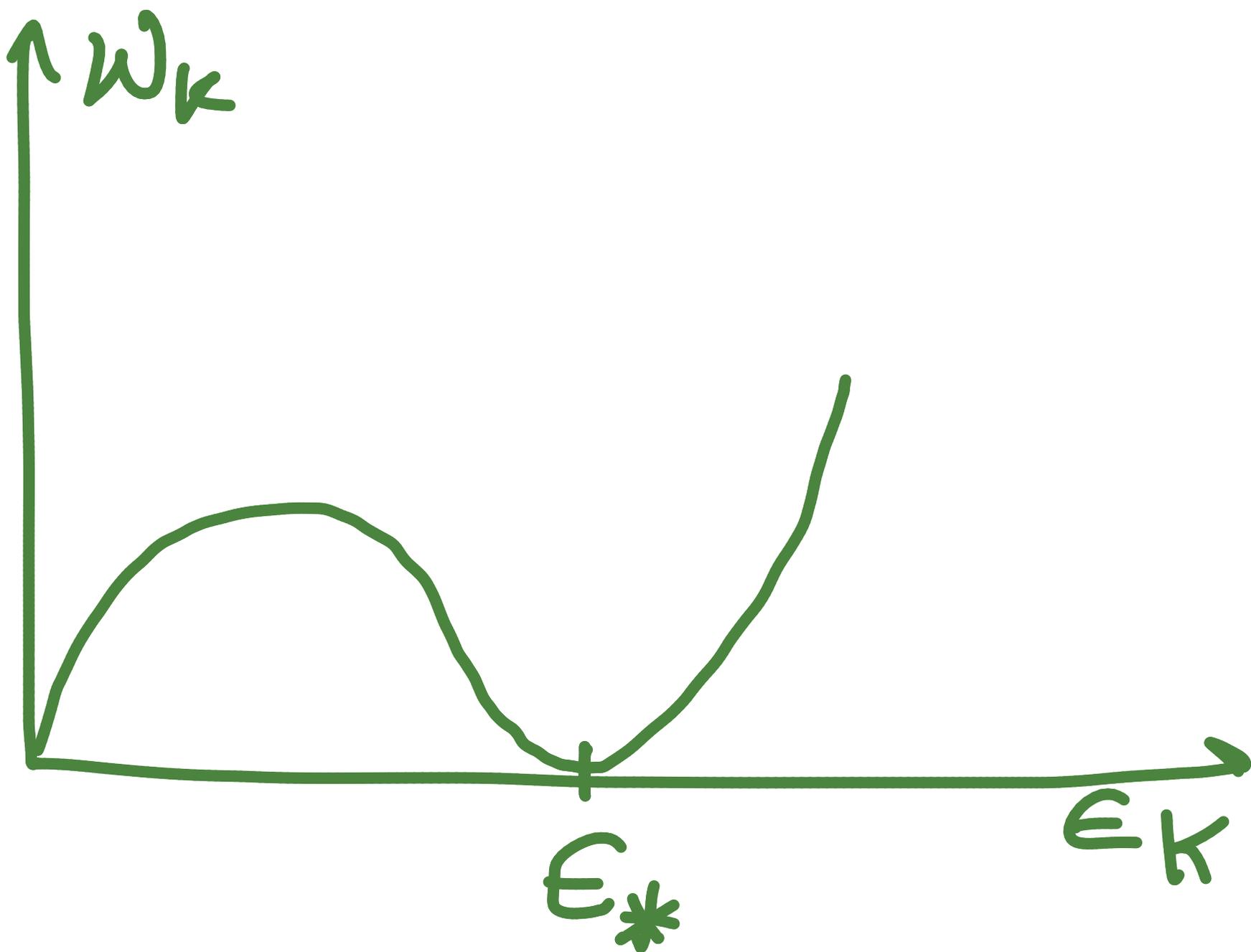
$$N_0 \rightarrow \infty, \quad \frac{N_0}{\Lambda} = \text{finite}$$

modes $\epsilon_k = \epsilon_*$

are exactly gapless!

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}} + O\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}}\right)$$

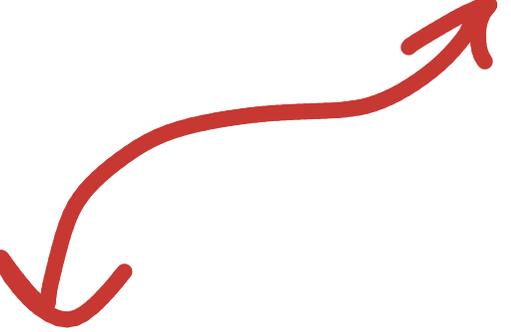
$$\omega_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \left(\frac{\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}}}{\epsilon_*} - 1 \right)^2 \left(\frac{\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}}}{\epsilon_*} + 2 \right)$$



Number of gapless modes

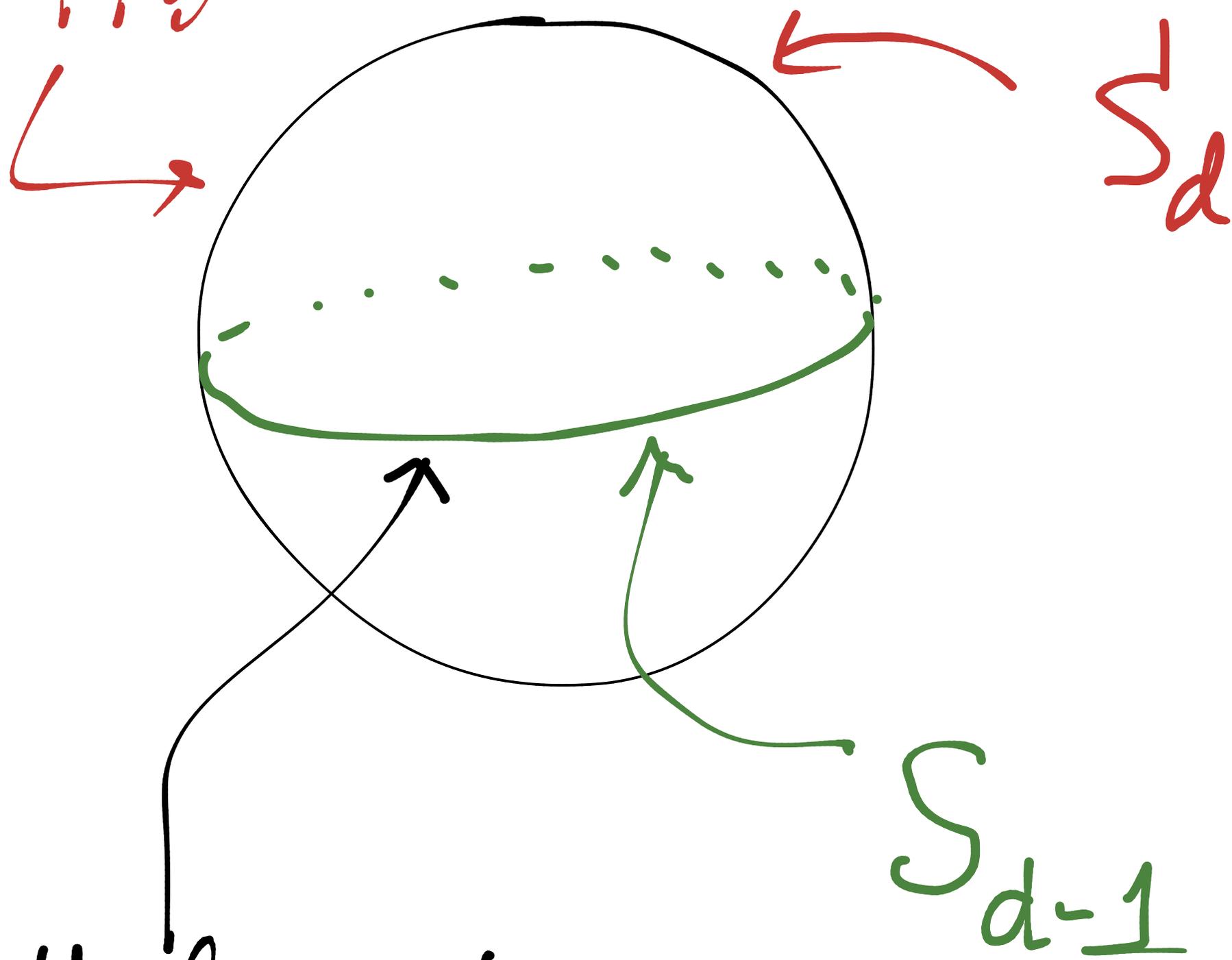
$$N_{\text{gapless}} = k_*^{d-1} =$$

$$= \left(\frac{R}{L_*} \right)^{d-1}$$


$$L_* \equiv \sqrt{E_*^{-1}}$$

$N_{\text{gapless}} \propto \text{Area of } S_{d-1}!$

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Holographic modes
Entropy $\sim \left(\frac{R}{h_*}\right)^{d-1}$

Patterns can be stored
in micro-states obtained
by exciting gapless modes,

say up to

$$\langle \hat{a}_{k_*}^\dagger a_{k_*} \rangle < n$$

$$N_p = n^{N_{\text{gapless}}}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{Entropy} \sim \left(\frac{R}{L_*} \right)^{d-1} \ln(n)$$

Summary:

* A neural network with most naive gravity-like synaptic connections exhibits a state of sharply enhanced memory storage capacity.

* In such a state some neurons become effectively gapless and can store exponentially large number of patterns within narrow energy gap.

⊛ The phenomenon has a smooth classical limit.

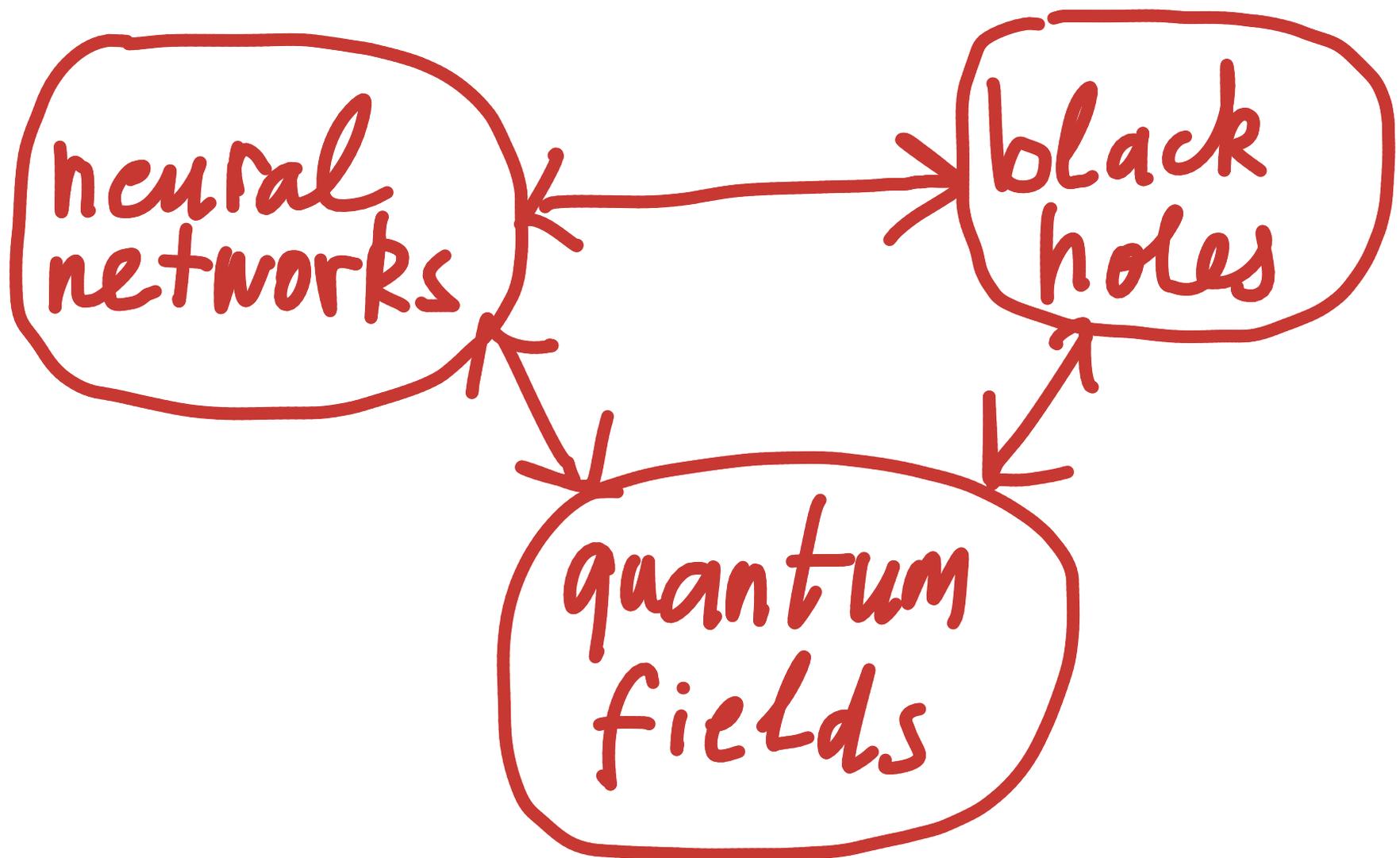
⊛ Neural network can be mapped on a quantum field. The state of high memory capacity is then translated as a critical state of enhanced micro-state entropy of some gapless modes.

⊛ For spherical symmetry the systems exhibits area law entropy.

* This gives an explicit microscopic realization of "holography":

$$N_{\text{qaplen}} \propto \text{Area of } S_{d-1}$$

* There are many open interesting questions

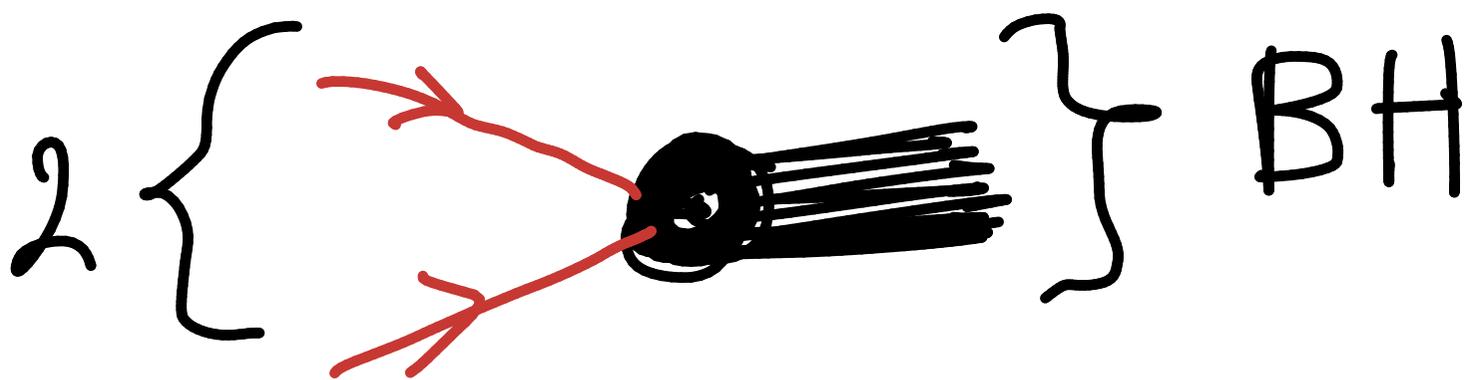


Classicalization:
Quantum transition to
Maximal memory storage
capacity.

⊛ Brain Networks;

⊛ Solving Hierarchy
Problem by classicalization;

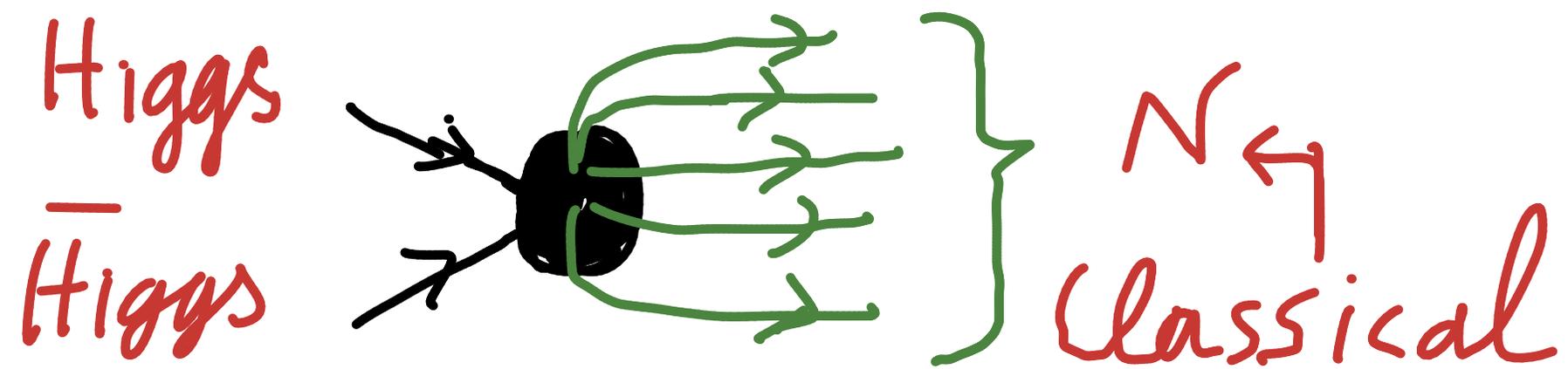
⊛ Understanding black hole
production in particle
collisions:



Non-Wilsonian UV-completion by Classicalization

G.P., Giudice, Gomez & Kehagias, '10

Λ ← Strong coupling scale



Why not e^{-N} ?

$|N\rangle$ ← state with N emergent gapless modes!

Micro-state entropy = N

Maximal memory storage capacity

$$\hat{H}_0 = \mathcal{N} \hat{b}^\dagger \hat{b} + \hat{a}_0^\dagger \hat{a}_0$$

$$\hat{H}_{tr} = g_{\mathcal{N}} \hat{b}^\dagger \hat{a}_0 + \text{h.c.}$$

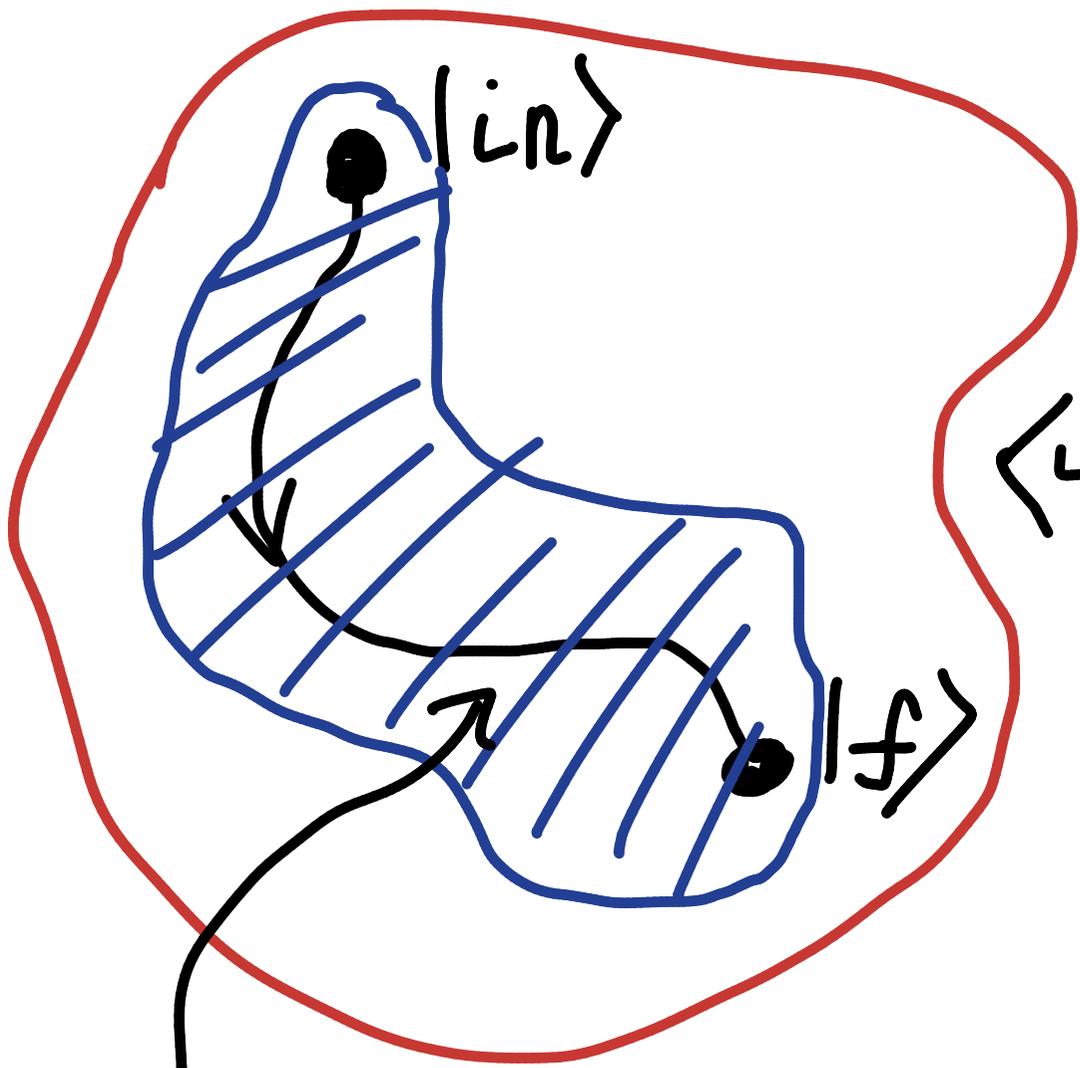
$$[\hat{a}_0, \hat{a}_0^\dagger] = [\hat{b}_0, \hat{b}_0^\dagger] = 1$$

$$|in\rangle_Q = |1\rangle_b \otimes |0\rangle_{a_0}$$

$$|f\rangle = |0\rangle_b \otimes |\mathcal{N}\rangle_{a_0}$$

$$\hat{H}_{tr} |in\rangle = g_{\mathcal{N}} \sqrt{\mathcal{N}!} |f\rangle$$

$$|\langle in | \hat{H}_{tr} | f \rangle|^2 = g_{\mathcal{N}}^2 \mathcal{N}!$$



$|\psi\rangle$

Condition:

$$\langle \psi | \hat{H}_{tr} | \psi \rangle \lesssim$$

$$\langle \psi | \hat{H}_0 | \psi \rangle$$

$$g^2 \lesssim N^{-N}$$

$$|\langle in | \hat{H}_{tr} | f \rangle|^2 \sim e^{-N} !$$

However, N gapless modes give enhancement!

$$\hat{H}_0 = N \hat{b}^\dagger \hat{b} + \hat{a}_0^\dagger \hat{a}_0 + \sum_{k=1}^N E_k \left(1 - \frac{\hat{a}_0^\dagger \hat{a}_0}{N} \right) \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k$$

$$\hat{H}_{tr} = \hat{b}^\dagger \sum_{n_0 \dots n_N} g_{n_0 \dots n_N} \hat{a}_0^{n_0} \hat{a}_1^{n_1} \dots \hat{a}_N^{n_N} + h.c.$$

$$E_k^{eff} = E_k \left[1 - \frac{\hat{n}_0}{N} \right]$$

$\langle \hat{n}_0 \rangle = N \leftarrow$ gapless modes!

$$g_{n_0 \dots n_N} \approx \bar{n}_0^{-n_0} \bar{n}_1^{-n_1} \dots \bar{n}_N^{-n_N}$$

$$|N\rangle_{n_1 \dots n_N} \equiv |N\rangle_{a_0} |n_1\rangle_{a_1} \dots |n_N\rangle_{a_N}$$

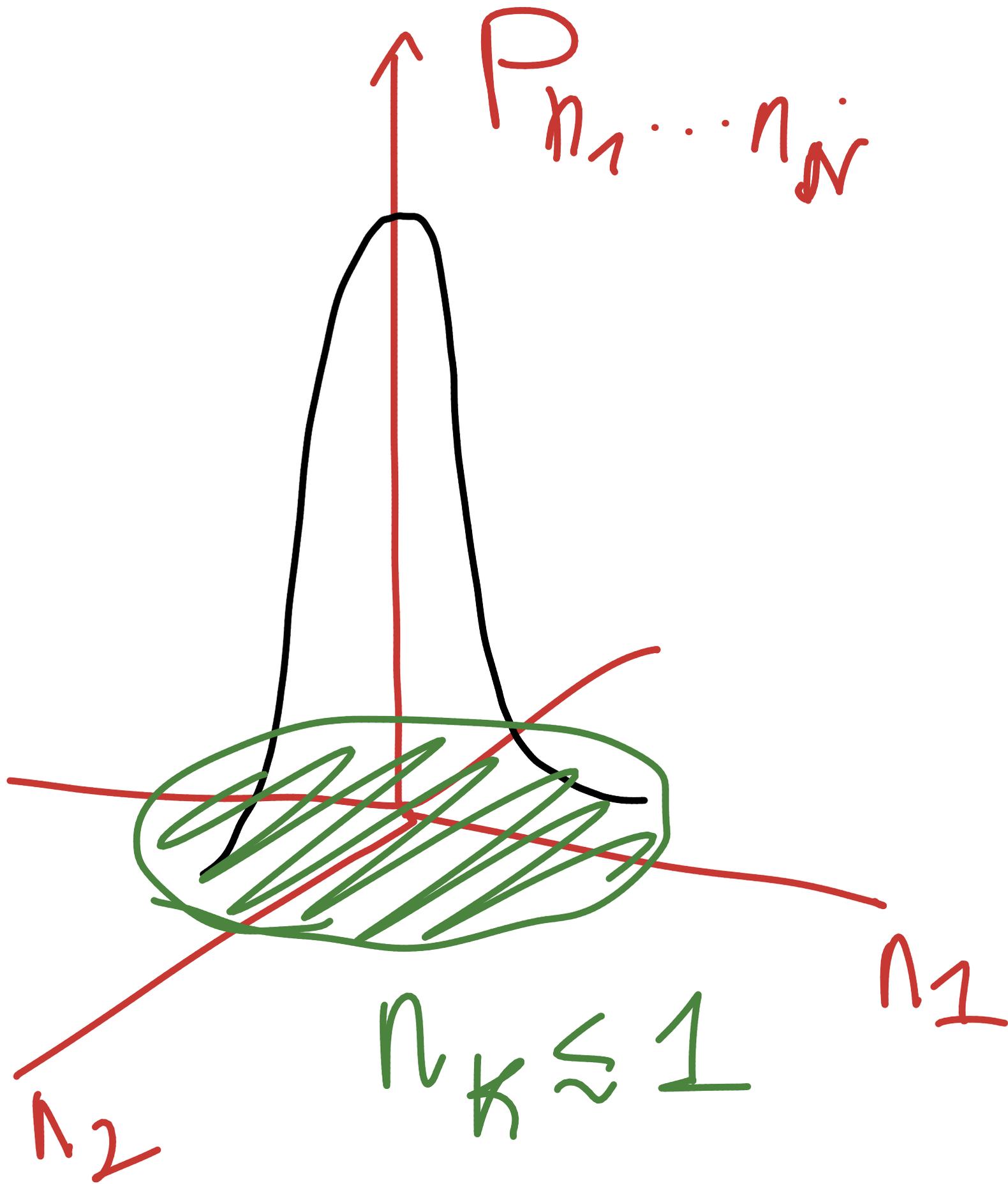


$$k \ln |\hat{H}_{tr} |N\rangle_{n_1 \dots n_N}|^2 \sim e^{-(N+n_1+\dots+n_N)}$$

$$P_{1 \rightarrow N} = \sum_{n_1 \dots n_N} |k \rangle|^2 = e^{-N} \cdot e^N$$

$$n_{k \neq 0} \approx 1 \leftarrow \text{contribute!}$$

$$|1_b\rangle \rightarrow |N\rangle_{n_1 \dots n_N}$$

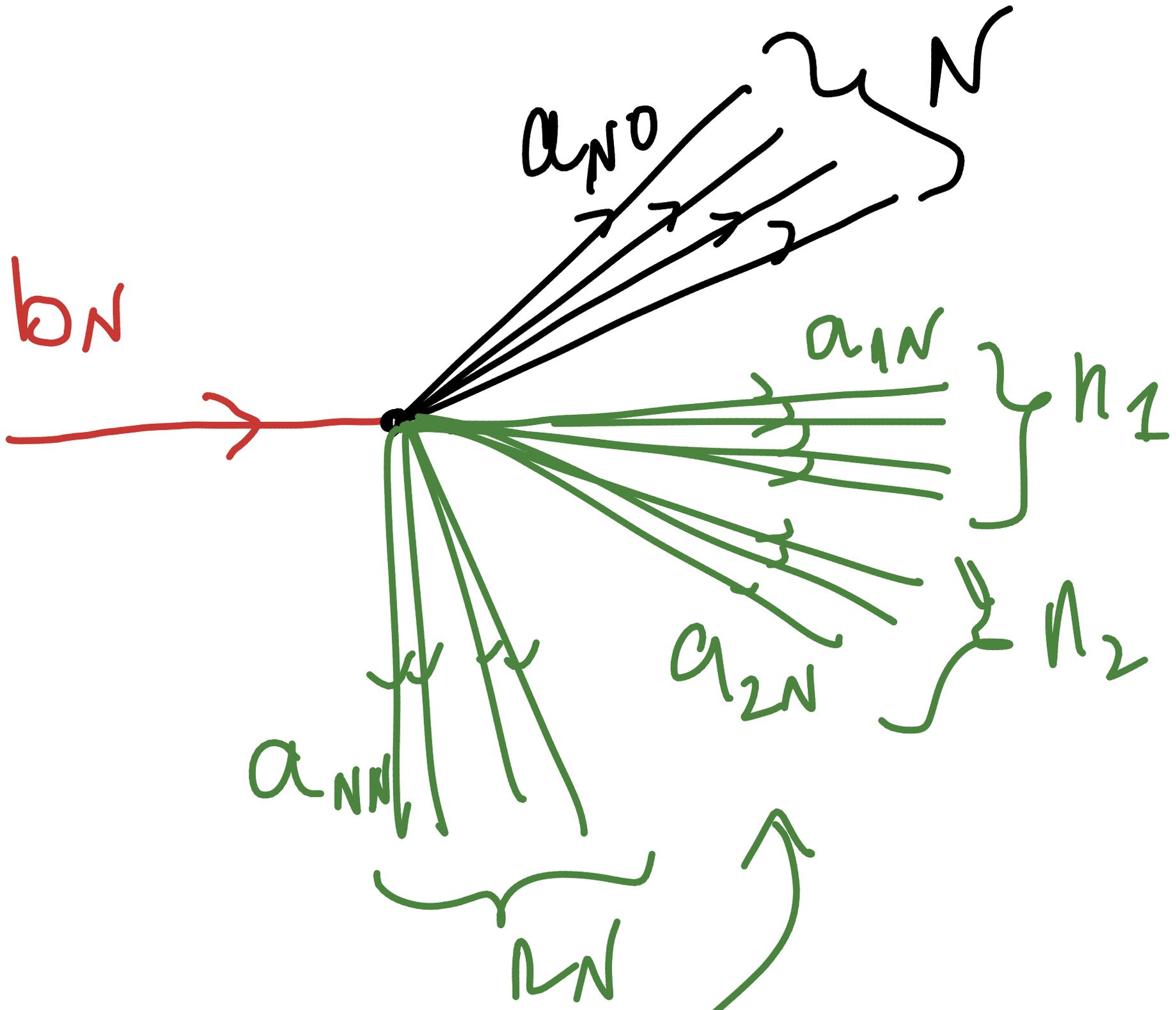


Area-law entropy:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{H} = & \sum_N N \omega_N \hat{b}_N^\dagger \hat{b}_N + \omega_N \hat{a}_{0N}^\dagger \hat{a}_{0N} \\
 & + \epsilon_N \left[1 - \frac{\hat{a}_{0N}^\dagger \hat{a}_{0N}}{N} \right] \sum_{m,e} \hat{a}_{Ne,m}^\dagger \hat{a}_{Ne,m} \\
 & + \sum_{n, n_1 \dots n_r} \hat{b}_N^\dagger \hat{a}_{0N}^N \hat{a}_{Ne_1, m_1}^{n_1} \dots \hat{a}_{Ne_r, m_r}^{n_r} \\
 & \times \mathcal{G}_N(n_1 \dots n_r)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$N = S(S+2), \quad |m_i| \leq \ell \leq S$$

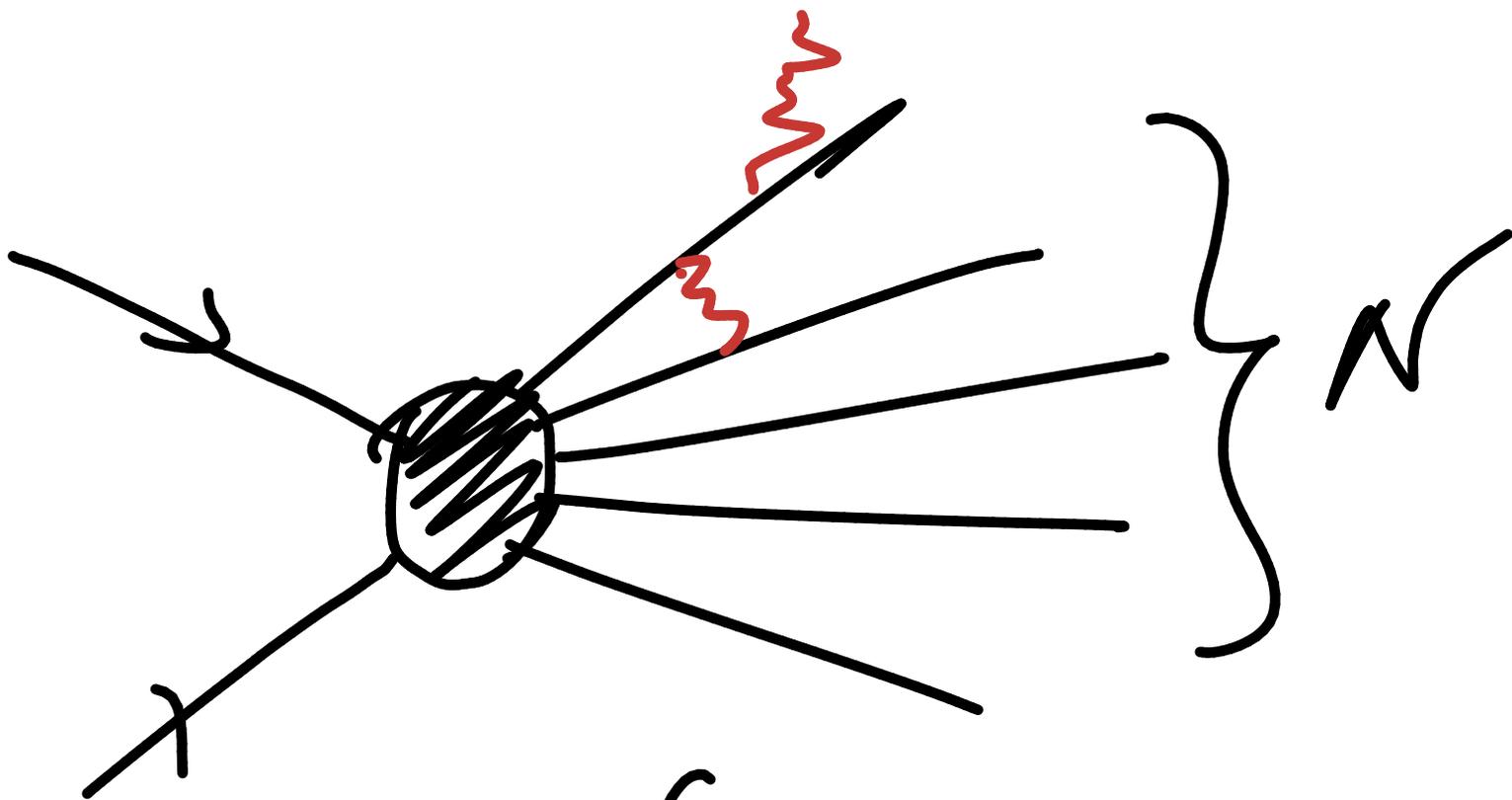
$$\text{Entropy} = N \simeq S^2.$$



Dressing by super-soft modes.

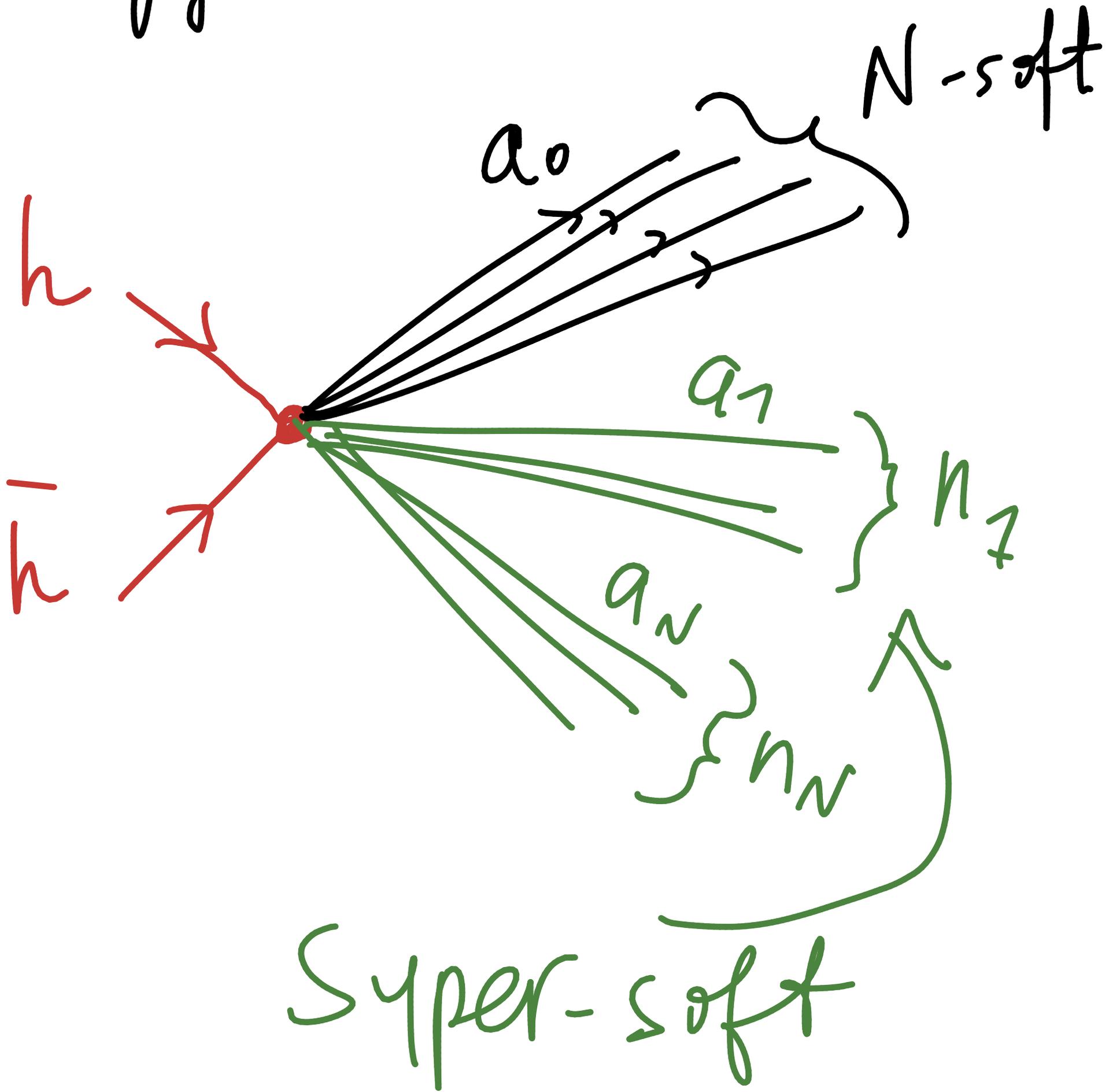
$|1\rangle_{\text{Quant}} \rightarrow |N\rangle_{\text{class}}$

Very similar to $2 \rightarrow N$
graviton amplitudes
G.D., Gomez, Isermann, Lüst,
Stieberger '15;
Addazi, Bianchi, Veneziano
'16



$$P \sim e^N \times \text{dressing.}$$

Higgs classicalization:



Gravity and SM-Higgs
operate above Λ as
Brain Network:

